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Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta — Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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Neogy Charges Raisman With Breach Of Convention

Finance Member Printed Second Part Of Budget Flouting Assembly's Vote

NEW DELHI, March 7.

The Assembly concluded the general debate on the budget to-day.

Mr. Abdul Qaiyum, Congress, speaking first dealt mainly with the defence expenditure, and said that the real war against Japan had not yet begun; it could, therefore, be taken that defence expenditure would mount. But who was going to arbitrate as regards its allocation between the powerful British Government and India in bondage.

BIGGER BURDEN YET TO COME

The coming offensive was being undertaken not in the interest of the Indian people and he asked why they should pay for it. The total amount spent on the war effort so far, he estimated at something like 1,068 crores.

Mr. Qaiyum urged an immediate severance of the link between the sterling and the rupee, and went on to ask why only a part of the Dollar Fund was to be made available to India and why not the whole of it? What he asked were the Dominions, which were free to decide their economic relations doing in this matter? He wished that even if Burma and other countries were reconquered by the British, the people of those countries would have the guts to throw off the British yoke.

Prof. P. N. Bannerjee said the E. P. T. proposal which he declared would stand in the way of industrial development; so would the Corporation Tax. He did not object to the tobacco duty, but the tax on tea and coffee and betelnut must be thrown out. He advocated the setting up of an impartial tribunal to go into the question of allocation of expenditure on defence. Estate Duties in his view were a legitimate source of revenue but should be left to be levied by the future National Government for post-war reconstruction. The present Government would only squander the money. He welcomed the Central Government's contribution to Bengal.

Mr. E. C. Gwilt (European Group) suggested the enforcement in India of methods similar to those in operation in South Africa and the Argentine where the cultivator received a fair share of the price at which his grain was sold in the market.

Mr. N. M. Joshi asserted that during the war it was the capitalists who made money and the burden of war-time taxation should fall on them and money should also be drawn off from them by way of voluntary loans, but this was possible only if the Government had the confidence of the people.

Mr. Joshi strongly criticised the Finance Member's handling of inflation and of price control. The Finance Member now claimed that prices of cloth, for instance, had fallen by 40 per cent, but he should remember that cloth prices went up originally 300 per cent. A fall of 40 per cent, even admitting that it had taken place, was not therefore going to give much relief to the poor. The Finance Member's policy in meeting inflation had been vacillating and inadequate, and when he tried to find money by taxation he was again following an equally wrong policy. If Government really tried, it was not difficult for them to tax those who were really able to bear taxation but instead of that the Finance Member was increasing the burden on the poor by the duties on tea, coffee, betelnuts, and tobacco.

Rao Bahadur N. Shivraj urged that the Army should be called upon to undergo sacrifices in the matter of supplies in the same proportion as the civilian population. The transfer of Rs. six crores from the Customs Revenue under "exemptions to defence services" was questionable, and he thought it should have been properly debited to Defence expenditure so that at the time of allocation of expenditure among the United Nations, the burden could be evenly distributed.

ROPFITEERING MUST GO

The Commerce Member, Sir Azizul Haque, vigorously defended the Government's control measures of various commodities and said that, having regard to the fact that the Anti-Hoarding and Profiteering Ordinance came into being only four months ago, a measure of success had been achieved. Referring to criticisms of the 20 per cent profit the Commerce Member pointed out that this was not an unalterable limit but represented an effort to rationalise profits, and he assured the House there were several cases in which the Government had gone beyond the 20 per cent limit when they were satisfied that the 20 per cent limit did not suffice. He felt the 20 per cent limit left sufficient scope for the wholesaler and the retailer to make substantial profit. There were commodities such as radio, watches etc. in which the percentages were higher.

A Member: What about high salaries?

Commerce Member: "I am not afraid of being poor but I want that poverty should be shared by everybody, and not that there should be the rich who could reap all the benefit." Government he said might have allowed for radios a larger margin of profit but the price prevailing now was much less than the price which was charged before the ordinance came into force. The time would soon come, he added, when the profiteer would feel that 200 and 300 per cent profits were a thing of the past. The Central Government had to depend upon the Provinces and many other factors in administering the ordinance and the 'colossal' amount of work that was being done was not sometimes realised by critics. While he would be prepared to receive criticisms and suggestions, he certainly took credit for the fact that the Department was doing its level best, to bring down prices without dislocating economic conditions.

WISHES OF HOUSE FLOUTED

Mr. K. C. Neogy asked the Finance Member how, in framing the budget, he had taken for granted the enhancement of Railway fares and included it in the budget, despite the Assembly's vote against it. The verdict of the House had been flagrantly disregarded. (Finance Member: The memorandum was printed before the Assembly's vote). Mr. Neogy said the second part of the budget had been printed in the Viceroy's Private Secretary's Press, on February 29, i.e. after the Assembly's verdict.

When a vote was passed in the House, that vote was binding upon Government so long as the Governor-General's powers of certification had not come into play, and the House was entitled to an explanation from the Finance Member as to how he had disregarded this provision.

Mr. Neogy complained that the details of Defence expenditure supplied to the House were dwindling year by year and asked what is there to prevent a secret session of the House being held in order to provide members with fuller details? The budget was composed of 'vague assertions, indefinite speculations, pious hopes and cryptic statements."

With regard to Lease-Lend and reciprocal aid, Mr. Neogy asked why the Government had without giving any reason suspended negotiations for a direct agreement with the U.S.A.

Maulana Zafar Ali (Moslem League) said: "It seems to me that the Finance Member is a cruel camel-driver (Laughter). He has loaded the Indian camel with the last straw, and when the back is broken he still puts on more straws. Look at the taxes he has put on." (A voice: There will be no taxes in Pakistan).

Mr. K. S. Gupta (Congress) charged the Finance Member with being the creator of inflation and declared that the talk of creation of dollar pools was a cruel irony, when cess pools of poverty and squalor had been created in India.

Mr. Azhar Ali (Muslim League) joined in condemning the tax on tobacco, tea, coffee and betelnuts and said that through the radio the news of these duties had been broadcast to the villages, where people could only look upon the Government as tax-gatherers and nothing more.—A. P.

Finance Member's Reply

The Finance Member Sir Jeremy Raisman spoke with warmth in replying to certain types of criticism of defence expenditure. He had a grievance, he said, against people who somehow expect him to abstract them out of a world at war. People were possessed of an escapist complex and seemed to think it was his duty somehow to reproduce for them conditions which could not possibly be found anywhere in the world to-day. Did Mr. Neogy or other members, he asked, really expect that Defence expenditure would in this or any other belligerent country be less this year than it was in 1941-42 or 1940-41? They seemed to speak as if he was guilty of some abominable crime, because expenditure on airfields was enormously greater now than before Japan entered the war. He confessed that he could not cope with that argument. It had not been given to him to determine the courses of action of Tojo or Hitler (laughter). He could only deal with the situation which arose in this country and in direct relation to this country; all he could say was that in the course of the 12 months with which he had to deal in the budget definite factors were operative which had caused the Indian share of the defence expenditure to rise. He reminded his critics that not long ago many of them were prepared to castigate the Government of India for failing to provide this country with adequate air forces. Now that India was, he was glad to say, fully and adequately defended, they turned round and asked: "Whence came all this expenditure on India's defences?

BURMA EXPENDITURE

The Finance Member pointed out that the charges with which India was debited were not the full cost of India's defence, not even the local defence of India. The fact was that India bore no part of the cost of operations beyond her frontiers. He explained that the cost of all troops serving in Burma was being borne by the British Government. (A voice: whether they are Indian or British?)

The Finance Member replied in the affirmative, and proceeded to say that the main forces engaged in Burma were not charged to India; They were charged to H.M.G., and if they were American, they were charged to the U. S. A.

As for the question why British troops who were more expensive should be employed in India and Indian troops abroad, the Finance Member explained that the distribution of total forces available to the United Nations was governed entirely by operation needs and availability of shipping and the desirability from various points of view of bringing back to India troops at present serving abroad was fully realised and constantly borne in mind but its feasibility was conditioned by the exigencies of the war situation.

As regards airfields in India, he stated that airfields included in the budget comprised those necessary to enable the Indian forces to perform their functions of local defence of India, and included airfields provided on reciprocal aid terms for American forces in India but additional Sir Jeremy said airfields constructed in India in connection with the operations contemplated by the S.E.A.C. were not provided for in the Indian budget.

On the question of "ceilings", the Finance Member pointed out that Lord Wavell when he was C-in-C definitely determined what could be regarded as forces adequate and necessary for the local defence of India. The present C-in-C carefully reviewed those ceilings and stated that in his considered judgment the force was required for India's local defence and that forces, if they exceeded those ceilings, should be charged to H.M.G.

NEW THEORY OF INFLATION

Speaking of inflation, the Finance Member declared he knew there were people who went about the country asking people to withhold co-operation from the war effort and made deliberate attempts to destroy confidence in the Government and confidence in the currency and made exhortations to the people to refrain from providing supplies. The economic effect of those things undoubtedly contributed to inflation.

It had been suggested that only a National Government could possibly deal with inflation. He was not sure that was historically correct. At the present moment in China there was what would be regarded as a National Government and yet China was suffering from a far worse degree of inflation. Egypt was another example. (Voices: You cannot argue by contraries). Turkey was a third illustration. (A voice: Is there inflation in Britain). The Finance Member pointed out that the question whether a country exposed to the effect of war suffered from inflation or not was not in his opinion directly related to the question whether it had a certain political constitution or not. Where was the virtue of making large fortunes out of the war and on the other hand considering it ethically a good deed not to pay taxes asked the Finance Member.

Referring to Mr. Joshi's observations, the Finance Member said Mr. Joshi repeated assertions was that the interests of labour which he represented should be called upon to make no sacrifices. That exactly was the attitude which created inflation. It was a determination to protect the interests of one particular section of the community instead of speaking in terms of the whole. It was precisely that attitude that led to inflation, which made it impossible to mobilise the whole country to resistance to inflation. Inflation, the Finance Member reiterated, was merely a consequence of doing nothing when you ought to be doing a great deal. (Hear, hear). It was a matter of "all hands to the pump."

Dealing with the criticism that the budget did not provide for an increase in the indigenous production of consumer's goods, the Finance Member said he entirely agreed that as soon as it was possible to import machinery and plant for the production of goods that this country required it should be done.

But must be wait entirely on the success of those efforts or should be in the meantime endeavour to alleviate the distress? (A voice: War has been going on for four years. Why did you not do it earlier?) The Finance Member said the question might equally well be asked why was it not done a hundred years ago? (Voices: Because British industrialists did not want it). He had quite sufficient to do in his own life-time and he would rather not be carried back to his ante-Natal days. (Laughter).

Defending the sale of gold, the Finance Member declared that it ranked as an important anti-inflationary measure. He also pointed out that actual gold at the present moment was one of the cheaper commodities in India; the farmer got more gold for his wheat now than he could have done at any time in the last 20 years.

Speaking of assistance to Bengal, Sir Jeremy expressed sympathy with the Province in its present plight and said he had always felt that some financial assistance from the Central Government would be inevitable and desirable and necessary.

The Government of India had been examining the possibility of diverting the obligations from India to other countries. For instance H.M.G. had recently agreed to our request to accept responsibility for maintaining from overseas a number of divisions in India. That was a welcome relief.

Various military authorities had agreed to certain reductions in their holdings of reserve, leading to a saving of something like 15 crores. Stocks were being investigated to see if surpluses could be discovered. Surplus from certain overseas theatres was being sent to India, which might mean a saving of about 3 1/2 crores.

Referring to the demand for reduction in staff, the Finance Member said he could not understand how it was possible at the present time with the additional demands which were being made to contemplate any considerable reduction of staff at the disposal of the Central Government. The demand for a reduction in their emoluments seemed to be extraordinary having regard to the fact that the developments of the last 18 months had thrown a much heavier burden on them and others of the fixed income class.

The House adjourned till Monday.—A. P.

ALL-INDIA EDITORS' EXECUTIVE

Standing Committee Of Conference To Meet At Delhi On March 15

BOMBAY, March 7: Mr. S. A. Brelvi, President of the All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference, has fixed March 15 and 16 for a special meeting of the Standing Committee of the Editors' Conference to be held at New Delhi. The Committee will meet on March 15 at 11 a.m. in the office of the "Hindustan Times".—United Press.

Newspaper Correspondents At India Govt. Headquarters

NEW DELHI, March 7.

Sir Sultan Ahmed in a written reply to Mr. Kailash Behari Lal in the Central Assembly to-day stated that with a view to place representation of Indian newspapers at the Government of India headquarters on a more satisfactory basis and to enable correspondents to provide a more effective news service, it had been decided to place the accredited correspondents in two classes. Correspondents in class one would be entitled to all facilities which had been allowed in the past to accredited Press correspondents. Correspondents in class two would be entitled only to receive the Bureau's material to the use of the Government of India Press Room and Library and to elicit information from the Bureau of Public Information.

A correspondent would be placed in class 1 or 2 according to

(a) His standing in the profession as determined by the time he had spent in the profession and the status he had attained and

(b) The standing of the newspaper or news agency he represented.

40 ARRESTS FOR "BARAWAFAT"

LUCKNOW, March 7.

It is understood that about 40 Muslims, both Shias and Sunnis, were arrested, as a precautionary measure, under Sec. 107, Cr. P. C. in connection with "Barawafat" which comes off to-morrow.

A large number of them, however, were enlarged on bail!—United Press.

ORISSA JOURNALISTS CONFERENCE

CUTTACK, March 4.—The Reception Committee of the Orissa Journalists Conference at their meeting decided to hold the first All Orissa Journalists Conference on Sunday March 26 1944. Mr. A. D. Mani, Editor of the "Hitvada" Nagpur has accept the invitation to preside over the Conference.

Adjournment Motion Ruled Out

NEW DELHI, March 7.

In the Central Assembly today the Chair ruled out Mr. Ayinashilingam Chettiar's adjournment motion on the grant of Rs. 73,000 for a library for the Indian Institute of International Affairs which was shown under the head of the External Affairs Department with the result that it could not be brought to the vote of the House.

The Finance Member in objecting to the motion explained that the grant was not for a library and that as it was being given to a body which was devoted to studying international affairs, it was naturally placed under the Department of External Affairs There was no device in including it in the Department.

The President accepted the explanation.—A. P.

U. S. MINISTER SEES NAHAS

CAIRO, March 7: The U. S Minister Mr. Alexander Kirk visited Nahas Pasha, the Egyptian Prime Minister, to-day and gave a verbal reply to the Egyptian memorandum on the Palestine question.

NAZIS USE PANTHER TANKS AT ANZIO

Heavy Snowstorm On Eighth Army Front In Italy

LONDON, March 7.

From Reuter's special correspondent at the Allied Headquarters in Italy:

No major battles developed on the Italian fronts yesterday, but minor engagements flared up at a number of points. On the Eighth Army front, where there have been heavy snowstorms in the mountains, the Germans made two separate platoon attacks against Indian positions north-east or Orsogna. Both were driven back. On the Adriatic coast, Eighth Army Canadians shelled German vehicles. The Germans made two separate small attacks in the Cisterna area late on Sunday afternoon both being thrown back.

South of Carrocetto, British troops raided a house occupied by the Germans and besides killing ten took one prisoner. South-east of Carrocetto a German patrol of 20 men tried to infiltrate into American positions, but was put to flight and three prisoners were taken.

The Germans used Panther tanks previously employed by them on the Russian front in their latest assaults on the Anzio beachhead. Allied experts consider the Panther a good tank but nothing extraordinary. Weapon for weapon Allied armour is still superior.—Reuter.

RUSSIANS WITHIN SEVEN MILES OF TARNOPOL

MOSCOW, March 7.

From Reuter's staff correspondent:

Fierce tank and infantry battles are raging to-day before the two vital Odessa-Lvov line railway junctions of Tarnopol and Proskurov. Tarnopol lies 75 miles east of Lvov. Proskurov is about 40 miles further down the line.

Manstein's men are putting by dour resistance in an attempt to hold the two towns as bases on the flank of Marshal Zhukov's advance. Soviet armies are rolling up to and across the Odessa-Lvov railway like a tidal wave.

The right flank pressing on the vital road and rail junction of Tarnopol is now only seven miles from the town.

SOVIET RAID FINNISH TOWN

HELSINKI, March 7: To-day's Finnish communique reported that about 20 Soviet bombers delivered two attacks yesterday on the Finnish town of Kotka on the Gulf of Finland.—Reuter.

R.A.F. Bombs Trappes

LONDON, March 7: An Air Ministry 'communique' this morning states: "Last night aircraft of Bomber Command made a heavy attack on railway targets at Trappes, some 15 miles south-west of Paris.

Mosquitos attacked objectives in North-West Germany.

LONDON, March 6.

The Admiralty announced to-night the loss of the destroyer "Inglefield" which was one of the first British ships to open the invasion of Europe and later to enter Brindisi harbour after Italy had surrendered.

NEW NAZI WEAPON AGAINST ALLIED SHIPPING

Br. First Lord Of Admiralty Discloses That Germans Have Brought Out "Acoustic Torpedo"

WESTMINSTER, March 7.

Mr. A. V. Alexander, First Lord of the Admiralty, to-day gave the following as the losses incurred by the British and European Allied navies in the Mediterranean since the start of the Sicilian campaign:

Two cruisers, one minelayer, ten destroyers, two submarines and ten minor war vessels.

Mr. Alexander told the Commons of the improvement in the Allied shipping position when introducing the Navy estimates.

Declaring, however, that there must be no relaxation, Mr. Alexander said that the Germans had probably at least as many U-Boats now as at the beginning of 1943.

Early last year the production of U-Boats exceeded the kills and recently U-Boats often sought to avoid destruction by avoiding action.

Mr. Alexander said the Germans had brought a new acoustic torpedo into service and further developments must be expected.

"Perhaps the best indication that Admiral Doentz aims at putting more U-Boats into the fight is the fact that more concrete shelters are still being built in operational bases. It can, therefore, be regarded as certain that he will try to stage a comeback.

We must also expect that U-Boats will, as at present, seek to expand their efforts in far distant waters such as the Indian Ocean.

LOSSES AN WAY TO RUSSIA

Thirteen British warships had been sunk in convoys to Russia and in some periods there were considerable losses of merchant ships. However 88 per cent of the cargoes got through.

Of the eleven Japanese blockade-runners which set out during the past year, only two reached port and they were damaged.

The navy's share in the struggle of the Nuttuno beachhead cost two cruisers '(Spartan' and 'Penelope)' two destroyers '(Janus' and 'Inglefield)' and five major assault vessels. In the Mediterranean since the start of the Sicilian campaign amounted to two cruisers, one minelayer, ten destroyers, two submarines and ten minor war vessels.

U-BOATS ABANDON NORTH ATLANTIC

Mr. Alexander said that the turning point was during few days following March 20, 1943, when actions were fought which might well be counted among the decisive maritime actions of history. Merchant shipping losses changed with suddenness which it was hardly possible to exaggerate. Sometimes the Germans used as many as 30 U-boats against one convoy. The U-Boats received such a battering that they virtually abandoned the North Atlantic for several months.

COMMONS TO DISCUSS PAY OF SERVICES

Mr. Churchill told the Commons to-day that the forthcoming discussions of Service pay would embrace all the three Services.

Replying to a question by Mr. Arthur Greenwood Mr. Churchill said: "I certainly do not think it at all likely that fundamental changes will be made in the basic pay rates".

GANDHIJI DEMANDS HIS TRIAL

CHARGE SHEET TO MAHATMA AND WORKING COMMITTEE AFTER 18 MONTHS' DETENTION

From Our Correspondent.

ALLAHABAD, March 6.

It is gathered here that the Government of India have sent a letter to Gandhiji communicating to him the charge for which he is detained.

It is possible that similar communications have been sent to the Members of the Congress Working Committee.

The cases of these leaders are likely to be reviewed shortly under new rules by the Government of India.

It is reported that in a long reply, covering several pages, Gandhiji has told the Government of India that the charge against him is baseless; that he had always desired a settlement by negotiations as far as possible, that if these negotiations had taken place they might have been successful.

He emphasized the fact that there was no opportunity to launch a movement, and refuted the charge that the Congress was hampering the war effort. In fact that point had been made particularly clear in a resolution drawn up by the All-India Congress Committee.

Under these circumstances Gandhiji declares that he considers his detention absolutely unjustified and demands that he be either released or put on trial.

The Government of India have charged Gandhiji with authorizing the All-India Congress Committee to launch a mass movement directed against the Government's War Effort, and also with interrupting the proper working of Law and Order in the country. Gandhiji has been asked to send his reply to the Home Secretary, Government of Bombay.

VICEROY'S COUNCIL

No Reshuffling Of Portfolios

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, March 7.

There is no foundation whatsoever I am in a position to state for the reports recently circulated regarding the reshuffling of portfolios in the Governor-General's Executive Council.

Reports are characterised in official circles as pure wishful thinking.

It was recently reported that Doctor Ambedkar would be shifted to Posts and Air Department and his portfolio would be reallotted to Sir Feroze Khan Noon and Posts and Air Member, Sir Mohammed Usman would be given Defence Department.

Enquiries show that both Doctor Ambedkar and Sir Mohammed Usman since their appointment have made a deadset against the present practice of men from a particular province or community monopolising all posts in their departments. Hence this wishful thinking.

COLOMBO, March 7.—The Ceylon Government it is understood have expressed inability to withdraw the ban on the export of cinchona bark to India in view of the very short output of bark in the island, this decision of the Ceylon Government follows the Government of India's request for reconsideration of Ceylon's prohibition of the export of cinchona bark and for fixing a suitable quota for India.—A.P.

U. S. Engineer On Post-War Plan For India

NEW YORK, March 7.

A former principal planning engineer of the United States Board of Economic warfare Mr. H. H. Razzack declaring that "while China and other nations march forward with plans for post-war reconstruction, poor India lags behind nursing her infirmities' said to-day" India too has shouldered the burden of this war. Yet India alone has no blue-print for peace.

Mr. Razzack said in an interview that he believes that India's future should not be committed to the hands of political parties whether Indian or foreign. "What India needs is builders not indoctrinators", he said. "India has done enough abstract thinking to satisfy the demands of decades to come. I think India's future security can best be settled by an unpolitical non-profit organisation of industrial engineers composed of both Indians and British. This war has taught Britain the need of decentralising the empire.—Reuter.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (May.)

Nefw York, March 7.

Previous Closing	20.36
Today's Opening	20.41
Difference	+05
Todays Closing	20.49
Difference	+13

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, March 7.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices,

General Motors doi 56

Anaconda Copper Mining doi 26.

United States Steel Common doi 52-1/8

U S Steel pref unquoted,Reuter.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, March 7.

The market opened somewhat quieter but improved toward the close. Government securities continued firm

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Although, at present, a major portion of what we produce goes to feed the war efforts of the United Nations, there is always a surplus which may be made available at competitive rates, and when, at the conclusion of the war, our resources are released from the existing restrictions, there will be a plentious supply of our best products to go round for all at the lowest quotation.

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Each Completed Series of Rs. 100 Bonds

1 Prize of Rs. 50,000	Rs.	50,000
2 Prizes of „ 20,000	„	40,000
2 Prizes of „ 5,000	„	10,000
Total prize money, every half year, on each series of 1 lakh of Bonds	Rs.	1,00,000

Each Completed Series of Rs. 10 Bonds

1 Prize of Rs. 2,500	Rs.	2,500
2 Prizes of „ 1,250	„	2,500
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10 Prizes of „ 250	„	2,500
Total prize money, every half year, on each series of 1 lakh of Bonds	Rs.	10,000

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NOT PAKISTAN, BUT PROTECTORATE

HYDERABAD, March 4.

"Will the Muslims at least now realise whither the President of the Muslim League is taking them?" asks Dr. Syed Abdul Latif, commenting on Mr. Jinnah's interview to the "News Chronicle" (London).

"I knew from the beginning", continues Dr Latif, "that Mr. Jinnah was never seriously after Pakistan. He now makes it clear that he does not want his Pakistan—be it even a Dominion looking after its own defence and foreign affairs.

"We want or it no better status than that of a native State without a prince—a mere protectorate at best developing slowly through an indefinite period of transition into an Egypt, technically independent, but dependent for its integrity on the goodwill of England. It is true he thundered from the League's platform at Karachi that the British must divide and quit." He now explains he really meant him to 'divide and stay,' comfortably, both in Pakistan and Hindustan with all his armed forces, and look after their foreign relations as well. For his part he says he will be content with a degree of autonomy which we do not possess.

"Such is Mr. Jinnah's patriotic vision of India's constitutional future. Will any Britisher thank him for it? Even the rankest British reactionary will feel sadly amazed over such a mentdity Britain has repeatedly expressed that the Cripps plan stands offering India as a whole, and even seceding territorial areas, full freedom and equality of status with Britain soon after the war, and even the right of breaking from the Commonwealth. Instead of seizing the opportunity by coming to terms with the other parties in the land. Mr. Jinnam, on behalf of a freedom-loving people like the Muslims of India," says 'no thanks, we shall be happy as camp followers.' Will the rank and file of the Muslim League approve of this?"—A. P.

RURAL UPLIFT

Activities Of C. R. U. Assn. For 1943

The Central Rural Uplift Association, Bombay, has issued its fifth annual report for 1943, from which the following extracts are given:—

During the year under report the Association has to its credit quite a number of substantial services rendered to the Rural Masses, the chief amongst them was that of tackling the food situation, and giving relief to the distressed:—all activites of course directed towards village organization on a permanent basis.

CO-OPERATIVE GRAIN STORES

The food situation continues to be precarious even at the time of writing this report, for several reasons: and things require constant attention and vigilance for many months more. With all this, there are several other good things for which our Mr. Nagpurkar is responsible and deserves credit.

Polson's Golden Jubilee

Polson Limited, with their Head Office in Bombay, recently celebrated their 50 years of establishment by presenting the founder and Managing Director, Mr. Pestonji E. Polson, with a handsome silver casket, in appreciation of the services rendered by him since 1894, guiding the destiny of the Company by persistent efforts, foresight and leadership to its present premier position in Indian industry as Manufacturers of Coffee and Butter, to which Cheese has now been added.

RS. 1,00,000 FOR RED CROSS

(From Our Correspondent)

BANDRA.

At a general meeting of the Bandra Municipal Board, the Board passed a congratulatory resolution, congratulating Rao Bahadur Moreshwar W. Pradhan, Vice-President of the Board, for his handsome and generous gift of Rs. 1,00,000 to the Red Cross Funds.

HINDU MARRIAGE BILL

Lady Taraben Mehta, the President of the Representative Committee at the Hindu Ladies regarding the proposed codification of Hindu Law relating to marriage, has sent the following telegram to the Government of India:

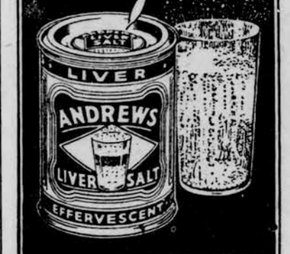
Hindu Marriage Bill Representative Committee of various Hindu Women Associations unanimously resolved strongly objecting introduction of Civil Marriage as form of Hindu marriage and instead suggesting in addition to Sacramental Marriage other forms of marriage which are based on religious foundation and are in conformity with Hindu culture and ideas such as prevalent amongst Jains, Aryasamajists Buddhists, and Sikhs.

J. S. RUNGTA HIGH SCHOOL NASIK

The Nasik Shikshan Prasarak Mandal and the J. S. Rungta High School, Nasik, (Formerly known as New English School, Nasik) have completed their 25 years of Service in the field of education in 1943. It is decided to celebrate the Silver Jubilee of these institutions on Tuesday (14th inst.) Sir S. Radhakrishnan will preside and deliver the address.

THE RULES OF HEALTH *are few and simple*

Excuse me— Inner Cleanliness comes first!



ANDREWS LIVER SALT

Health Drink & Tonic Laxative

Result Of Municipal Corporation Committee Elections

The following are the results of the elections of the Statutory Committees of the Municipal Corporation which took place on Monday afternoon:—

STANDING COMMITTEE (EIGHT VACANCIES & 13 CANDIDATES)

The following have been successful: (1) Dr. G. R. A. Shaikh (2) Mr. Vithaldas D. Govindji, (3) Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, (4) Mr. I. S. Patel, (5) Mr. D. V. Pradhan, (6) Mr. Chhaganlal Manchubhai, (7) Mr. S. C. Thakkar and (8) Mr. R. M. Ganchi.

IMPROVEMENTS COMMITTEE—(8 SEATS & 9 CANDIDATES)

The following were successful. (1) Mr. M. E. Joshi, (2) Mr. M. S. Manyar, (3) Mr. K. A. Subramanyam, (4) Mr. R. K. Achrekar, (5) Mr. N. C. Pupala, (6) Mr. V. M. Nagvekar, (7) Mr. Narbheram Narshidas and (8) Mr. P. M. Chinai.

SCHOOLS COMMITTEE (6 SEATS & 9 CANDIDATES)

The following candidates were successful: (1) Mr. A. A. Baig Mahomed, (2) Mr. N. S. Kajrolkar (3) Mr. M. V. Donde, (4) Mr. Y. K. Khadilkar, (5) Mr. Saiebhoy Abdulkadar and (6) Mr. Kashi Prasad Singh.

SCHOOLS COMMITTEE (NON-COUNCILLOR MEMBERS) (2 VACANCIES & 4 CANDIDATES.

The following two were successful: (1) Mr. Nanubhair V. Desai and (2) Mr. B. B. Vyas.

MODERN EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM FOR KIDDIES PRAISED

The social gathering of the Parsi Nursery and infant School conducted by the Trustees of the Parsi Panchayet of Bombay came off at the Nobie Chambers, Fort, on Saturday evening. Sir Rustam P. Masani presided and gave away the prizes.

The kiddies of the school entertained the audience with an interesting programme of Gujarati and English songs and dialogues. An exhibition of children's work and educational materials was also presented on the occasion.

Sir Rustam Masani in the course of his presidential remarks stressed the need of selfless workers for the uplift of the community. He congratulated the organizers of the school on adopting modern educational system for their institution, and the splendid results they had produced in so short a time. He also emphasised the need for further donations from the rich of the community for the steady and all-round growth of the school.

Mr. Shapur Desai, the Secretary of the Panchayet, read the triennial report of the school which showed that the progress of the school was quite satisfactory.

CLOTH STAMPING FEES

The work of stamping cloth and yarn sealed under the Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order has already commenced in Bombay. The headquarters of the Stamping Department are, as already notified, located in the Victoria Mills Compound, Gamdevi.

The Government of Bombay has decided that before goods are actually stamped the dealers concerned should pay in advance roughly the approximate amount of fees payable by them. The payment of such deposits should be made in cash at the headquarters unless a party prefers to pay the amount into the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay, and produce the original challan. Receipts for such deposits will be granted to dealers concerned and these will be exchanged for final receipts in due course.

VIKRAM MAHOTSAVA: The Vikram Mahotsava Committee formed under the Marwadi Sammelan Bombay have been strenuously working to celebrate the Vikram Bi-millinium Celebration in Bombay on March 25th, 26th and 27th with great eclat. The enrolment of members for the Reception Committee is going on and so far hundreds of members have been already enrolled.

It has been arranged to hold an All-India Hindu Poets' Conference on this occasion. About half a dozen prizes amounting to several hundreds have been set up for the competitors. Famous poets and scholars all over India are expected to take part in the deliberations.

Those desirous may enrol themselves as members of the Reception Committee and enquire about the detailed programme from the office at Kalbadevi Road (T. Phone 30648).

Finland Must Come To Terms With Russia

LONDON: The need for Finland to come to term with Russia is emphasised in an article in "Norsk Tidend," the official Norwegian newspaper in London commenting upon the reported Finnish peace feelers to Russia. The article says:

"There is little chance that it will succeed until the Russians are openly approached, openly conferred, and a teneble settlement is arrived at."—India Press Service.

Pencillin Saves Amputation

LONDON: Lancet, the British Medical Journal reports as to how the administration of pencillin, the wonder working drug saved an amputation. A soldier in the Middle East was brought in with a gangerous calf wound. He was delirious, almost maniacle. Amputation was considered but instead a daily pencillin spray was tried. Five days later the treatment was stopped and the delirium and infection had gone. Pencillin was discovered in 1929 by Professor Alexander Fleming of London's St. Mary Hospital. It is still in short supply because of cultivation difficulties.—India Press Service.

International Labour Conference

LONDON: It is announceed in Washington (ables "The Times' correspondent there) that the International Labour Conference will be held at Temple University, Philadelphia, beginning on April 20, with approximately 40 nations represented.

Member States have been asked to be ready to recommend present and post-war social policy to the United Nations, the Conference having been called in the belief that the profound change in the whole war situation makes it imperative that international consideration should be given to the social problems that will arise during the last period of the war and after the close of hostilities.

The Conference will also allow the International Labour Organisation to define its own future policy and its programme and status. A communication to the member States from the I.L.O. headquarters at Montreal says it is not proposed that the Conference should aim at the adoption of international conventions to formal I.L.O. recommendations but that it should formulate its conclusions in a series of resolutions.

LEAVE FOR GERMAN TROOPS IN FRANCE CANCELLED

LONDON: All leaves for German troops in France have been cancelled, says an Algiers dispatch quoting Paris reports.—India Press Service

The Indian Motion Picture Producers' Association has appointed Mr. V. Shantaram as their representative on the Film Advisory Committee recently appointed by the Government of India to advise them on the Raw Film Control or Distribution Order.

Protest Against Merger Scheme

A cable has been sent to certain members of the House of Commons in connection with the Attachment of States Bill 1944, in the course of which it is states that the true facts relating to States of Kathiawar and Gujerat to be attached have not been appreciated. "These States have been recognised during last 135 years as separate Political and legal entities having direct relationship with the Crown alone Even the requisite basis of Constitution Act as regards States is volition, it ought to be more so as regards attachment Chamber of Princes has opposed the Scheme as subversive of their heritages Owing to War condition we cannot put ourselves in effective communication. Legislative is rushed through with unholy haste disabling us to put up our case. We earnestly request you to present true facts and our point of view in Commons. We are prepared to evolve alternative Scheme in consultation with Crown Representation and our subject to achieve the desired object. We request you to move for ascertaining the facts and the views and sentiments of Chiefs and subjects."

Doctors Recommend K.B. Rele's RINGWORM OINTMENT

BEST REMEDY FOR ECZEMA, BLACK AND OBSTINATE RINGWORM

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MARVEL OF MALAYALA YANTRA

Realize y'r desires in 17 days, State y'r desire, achieve success.

Remit Rs. 5/- with birth details or horoscope (if available), get y'r Yantra. For students Rs 3/- only.

N. B. Rs. 5/- refunded if Yantra fails, but pay us Rs 25/- on success.

This is opening offer for one month.

SHAKTI NIKETAN, HUBLI (S. I.)

. . . blisters and scratches are its total casualties . . . compare these with the devastation our tanks, planes and ships are daily 'handing out' to the enemy. Yet, as a typist your job is just as vital . . . vital because it releases another man . . . another man to go behind our guns. This is one of the many trades in which you can speed final victory . . . the work is varied and interesting . . . pay ranges from Rs. 65 to Rs. 300 per month according to qualifications and rank.

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Making a name for itself

The Heavy Chemicals industry occupies a very important place in the industrial organization of a country. Being a "key" industry, all other industries are more or less dependent on it.

Till recently, India had no heavy chemical industry of her own. As a result of the stoppage of imports due to conditions created by the War, what few industries she had, naturally experienced a great handicap. Now the Mettur Chemical & Industrial Corporation, Pioneers of Heavy Chemical industry, are supplying these essential chemicals and making our industries independent of foreign supplies of essential chemicals and laying the foundation of an era of industrial progress and prosperity. The Mettur Chemicals have become wellknown in the country for their standard quality and constant purity.

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SADHONA BOSE
AROON
in
RANJIT'S
SHANKAR PARVATI
Director: C. A. DOSHI
AJIT RELEASE
OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p. m.
Matinee To-Day 1-30
Advance Booking:
9-30 to 12-30 & 3 to 6-30

****

FRIDAY next,
starts the big feast of Song, Action, Humour!
RAJA MOVIETONE'S
MAZAQ
Produced and Directed by
ZAHUR RAJA
with a Topping Cast!
From FRIDAY, 10th.
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.
Friday & Sunday 1-30 p.m.
KAMAL
Talkies, Sandhurst Rd.

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10 TENTH 10
WEEK
of
APPLAUSE
FOR
SEASON'S BEST
Directed ENTERTAINER
MEHBOOB Productions'
TAQDEER
DIRECTED BY MEHBOOB
ROXY
Today & Fri. Matinee at 1 p.m.
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Reservation: 9-30 to 12 & 3-30 to 6
Bookings:
Indian Film Exchange, Bombay 8.

MATINEE TO-DAY
& FRIDAY: 1-15 P. M.
RAJKAMAL'S &
V. SHANTARAM'S
SHAKUNTALA
JAYASHREE, CHANDRAMOHAN
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sat., Sun., Wed., Fri. 1-15 p. m.
Plans Open: 10 to 1 & 3 to 7 p.m.
26th WEEK OF TRIUMPH
SWASTIK (OLD PATHE)

Matinee Today and Friday at 1 p.m.
NAVYUG'S TALE of today and tomorrow
NAYA TARANA
NAVYUG PICTURE
SNEHPRABHA, JAIRAJ, DAVID
Daily 4, 7, 10 Wed. Fri.. 1 P.M.
5th Week of Full-houses
CENTRAL

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Head-Office :—Calcutta National Bank Buildings, Mission Row Calcutta.
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Dacca	Rajputana)
Narayanganj	Fort (Bombay)
Mymensingh	Kalbadevi (Bombay)
Chittagong	Ahmedabad
Patna	Nagpur
Gaya	Itwari (Nagpur)
Cuttack	Raipur
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Meston Rd. (Cawnpore)	Cantonment (Jubbulpore)
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Allahabad	
Katra (Allahabad)	

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FIXED DEPOSITS. Terms may be ascertained on application.
LOANS AND ADVANCES made on approved securities on very favourable terms.
All Sorts of Banking Business Transacted.

14th Week To-day and Friday Matinee at 1 p.m.
YOUTH & LOVE'S OWN MUSIC!
New Theatres'
WAPAS
Bharati, Ashit & Nawab
Director: HEMCHUNDER
Music: BORAL
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun. Mat. at 1 p.m. **KRISHNA**

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FRIENDS . . . . . BROTHERS
Move Your Hearts
HIND PICTURES
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INDIA F.C. RELEASE
5th WEEK
NOVELTY
Today Matinee at 1-30 p.m.
Daily 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
Reservation 10-30 to 12 and 5 to 6

DAILY MATINEE
From Wed. to Sun. at 1-45 p. m.
JAYANT DESAI Production's
BHAKTA RAJ
11th WEEK
LAMINGTON
Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p. m.

PRAKASH'S
POPULAR PICTURE
NOW IN
29th Week
RAM RAJYA
Director: VIJAY BHATT
SUPER
To-day at 12-30 HINDI
HINDI—Daily at 3-30 & 6-30
MARATHI—Daily at 9-45 p.m.
An 'EVERGREEN' Release

Matinee to-day at 1 p.m. Also Matinee on Friday at 1 p.m.
IT'S WHEEZY
DANCE AND MUSIC SHOW!

See & Hear Dance-Queen —which will make you go gay and Goofy!!!
MUMTAZ SHANTI in Murari's Musical Hit!
'BADALTI-DUNIYA'
With
TRILOK KAPUR K. C. DEY & SHAHZADI
Direction: MOHANSINHA
Music: K. C. Dey & others.
2ND Crowded Week AT NEW **WEST END** Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m. Sat., Sun. & Holidays Mat. 1 p.m.

CITY AND SUBURBS

TO-DAY

Hindu : Falgun Shud 14, 2000
Muslim : Rabi-ul-Avval 12, 1363
Parsi : Meher 6, 1313
Sunrise : 7-55 a.m. Sunset 7-45 p.m.
Hightide : 11-22, Lowtide 5-38, 17-14

To-day's Engagements

PROPHET'S BIRTHDAY CELEBRATIONS COMMITTEE : A mass meeting will be held at Framji Cowasji Institute Hall at Dhobi Talao today (Wednesday) at 3 p m (ST) in commemoration of the Holy Prophet's Birthday Mr N A Farooqui, Collector of Bombay will perform the opening ceremony and Khan Bahadur Abdul Qadir Mahomed Hussain Sahib, Dewan of Junagadh will preside.

TATA GRADUATE SCHOOL OF SOCIAL WORK : Inaugural address to the national planning series by Sjt. M R Masani, Mayor of Bombay at the Nagpada Neighbourhood House, Byculla at 6-30 pm (NST) today (Wednesday) Sjt. Valkunth Mehta, Secretary, Bombay Co-operative Institute will preside.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS : Question and Answer Meeting. Jehangir Wadia Bldg., Flora Fountain today (Wednesday) 6-15 pm.

NATIONAL WAR FRONT :—Course of Studies in International Relationship for High School and College teachers. The eighth lecture on "Russia under the Soviet Rule" by Prof J C Bhal, MCom, in the Lecture Hall of the University School of Economics to-day (Wednesday) 8th March, at 5 pm.

CHIKITSAKA SAMOOHA PAST STUDENTS' ASSN : Under the auspices of the above Association, there will be a programme of Kavyagayan by Kavi Sapandeo Choudhari today (Wednesday) at 6 pm (N S T) in the Wagle Memorial Hall of C S Shirolkar High Shool, Kandewadi.

DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE : On "The Significance of the Atash Nyaish" at Mazdaznan Hall, opp. Churchgate Station, today (Wednesday) at 6-15 6 m.

SRI KRISHNA GANA SABHA, MATUNGA—There will be a Musical entertainment by Travancore Asthana Vidhwans Alathur Bros. (vocal), Govindaraju Pillai of Mayavaram (violin), Balu Pillai of Karaikkal (Mridhangam) at the Khalsa College Hall to-day (Wednesday) from 5 p.m. (S.T.)

BOMBAY GOAN WELFARE ORGANIZATION :—The meeting which was to be held on Sunday, the 5th instant at Doctor Shroff's compound, Byculla, has been postponed 'sine die.'

AFRICA SHIPPERS' ASSOCIATION : The following is the list of the newly elected Office-bearers and Members of the Managing Committee :—
Sheth Dawood Hajee Nasser (President), Sheth Tayaball Adamji (Vice-President), Sheth Amritlal K Kanji and Sheth Bhaichand R Shah, Hon. Secretaries, Sheth Haridas Bhanji Karia, Hon. Treasurer.

RANCHHODDAS LOTWALLA'S SON DEAD : We regret to announce the sad demise of Sjt. Nitisen Lotwalla son of Sjt. Ranchhoddas Lotwalla of the "Hindustan and Prajamitra" Group of papers which occurred at Deolali on Monday at midnight.

Prophets Day Procession

A procession to celebrate the birth day of the Prophet will be taken out under the auspices of the Central Kilafhat Committee Kilafhat House at 2 p.m today (Wednesday) and the procession will terminate at Chota Kabarstan where a public meeting will be held at 6 p.m.

SREENIVAS SASTRI ON "ABOLITION OF WAR"

BOMBAY, March 7.

Rt. Hon. V. S. Sreenivasa Sastri will address a public meeting at the S. I. Education Society's High School, Matunga, on Thursday, the 9th instant, at 9 p.m. on "The Abolition Of War."—A. P.

FATAL ROAD ACCIDENT TO LAD

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Lakshman Keshav (6) was knocked down by a motor lorry No. B.M.T. 5306 on Monday evening, the lorry was proceeding along Parel Tank Road and the boy was stated to have darted across the road from east to west and came into contact with the left front bumper. He sustained serious injuries on the head and left thigh, and was immediately removed to the K. E. M. Hospital, where he died.

HOTEL-KEEPER ARRESTED

Rustam Dorab Irani, owner of a hotel at Falkland Road and five others were arrested on Monday night following a raid carried out by the Maharbouri Police in connection with satta gambling in the hotel premises. They were placed before Mr. K. J. Khambata, Presidency Magistrate at the Girgaum Police Court and allowed bail to-day.

JAIL FOR IMPERSONATION

Rambharam Hirji was convicted to-day by the Chief Presidency Magistrate and sentenced to suffer three months' for impersonating and collecting alms as a Bengal refugee.

CITY COTTON GODOWN GUTTED: DAMAGE ESTIMATED AT RS. 40,000

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A cotton godown situated at Kala Chowki caught fire yesterday when cotton waste valued at Rs. 40,000 was gutted.

The fire-brigade was able to extinguish the fire before it could cause further damage.

BAN ON EXPORT OF CATTLE

The Government of Bombay has banned the export of oxen, cows, buffaloes or calves from any place within the limits of the Mahad, Mangaon, Roha, Pen and Alibag talukas of Kolaba District to any place outside except under a permit granted by the District Magistrate, Kolaba, or a person authorised by him.

GRANT TO VILLAGE LIBRARIES

Even registered village library and reading room in Bombay Province will in future be given by the Government an annual grant of Rs. 10 or two-thirds of the cost of books and periodicals purchased during the year, whichever is less, provided funds permit.

Kasturba Day Meeting And Prayers At Parle And Khar

(From Our Correspondent).

VILE PARLE, March 6.

On Sunday morning at 9 a m prayers were offered at the meeting convened by the public of Vile Parle in memory of Late Kasturba Gandhi, when Lady Premlilaben Thackersey presided.

Swami Anand made a short speech about the life work of Late Kasturba before the devotional songs were sung. The meeting was largely attended.

Similar prayers also took place at the Laxminagar Hall, Khar on Sunday evening; after mass-spinning for two hours.

CHURCHGATE HOUSE COLLAPSE TRAGEDY

Sub-Committee's Report On Administration Of Fund For Relief

The Sub-Committee appointed by the Mayor's Churchgate Reclamation House Collapse Relief Committee has issued a report from which the following paras are extracted :—

It will be remembered the tragedy took place on 28th June 1942, in "which 59 persons were killed and several others had received injuries."

The Municipal Corporation, at its meeting held on 23rd July, 1942 appointed a Committee, called the Mayor's Churchgate Reclamation House Collapse Relief Committee for taking measures to afford relief and help to sufferers as a result of the collapse, etc.

The allotment of relief out of the Mayor's Fund to the various persons amounts to Rs. 36,500, whereas the funds on hand are about Rs. 48,000 After making the allotments and meeting certain amounts of expenditure already incurred or to be incurred hereafter, it is estimated that a balance of about Rs. 10,000 to Rs. 11,000 would be left. Dr. Bulsara and Mr. Mody are of opinion that the amounts recommended to the victims are adequate and they have therefore suggested that the remaining balance in the Fund instead of being disbursed in additional relief, should be carried forward to a Special Emergency Relief Fund with the permission of the donors for meeting any unforeseen calamity in the City.

The Sub-Committee have very carefully considered the various recommendations made by Dr. Bulsara and Mr. Mody in their report, and they beg to submit the following among other recommendations for the approval of the Committee:—

(a) Relief out of the Mayor's Fund to be given to the sufferers of the house collapse, bringing the total allotment from the Fund to Rs. 35,100.

(b) As regards the arrangement for the distribution of the amounts allotted, the amounts be handed over to the Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation, Bombay, with the approval of Government, and he be authorised to distribute the amounts on the same lines as the compensation amounts awarded by him.

(c) After meeting the payments of the allotments as also all expenditure incurred and to be incurred a Special Emergency Relief Fund to be called "The Mayor's Special Emergency Relief Fund" be created out of the residual amount, with the permission of the donors, subject to certain stipulation to meet any unforeseen calamity in the City, the Fund being administered by a Committee.

The total amount of donations subscribed to the Fund was Rs. 51,246-1-4; the interest earned on the Current Account at the Bank of India, Ltd., upto 31st December 1943 amounts to Rs. 172-1-0. The amount expended by the Sub-Committee on temporary relief comes to Rs. 31,86-0-6, and on miscellaneous office expenses such as postage, printing and stationery, money order commission, etc., to Rs. 136-4-9, leaving a balance of Rs. 47,987-12-7 in the Bank of India, Ltd., and of Rs. 94-15-6 on hand on 31st January 1944.

The appendix to the report contains a report of Dr. J. F. Bulsara, Jt. Hon. Treasurer, and Mr. B. V. Mody, Jt. Hon. Secretary.

School Of Art Study Circle Social

The annual social of the Study Circle of the Commercial Art Section of the Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay was held on Tuesday, evening and was attended by several eminent persons of the city.

Mr. Charles Gerrard, in a short resume of the year's work told the audience about the number of useful lectures delivered by prominent artists both Indian and European to the students.

It was a happy augury that vocational education was fast coming to the front in this country the artistic side of which was being fostered by the schools of art.

The function included music and a variety entertainment.

Sind Cabinet Crisis Averted

KARACHI, March 7.

It is learnt that the crisis that at one time faced the present Muslim League Ministry has been averted and the position of the Ministry is now secure, the Opposition being confined to eight Hindu members and four Muslims.

A Provincial Parliamentary Board consisting of two League members of the Assembly and three members of the Provincial Muslim League is being set up to receive complaints, if any, against Ministers and forward their findings to the Central Parliamentary Board of the League whose decision will be final.

A convention has been established henceforward the Provincial Organisation will not interfere with the day-to-day administrative affairs of the Ministers.—United Press.

THESE FIGURES TELL

CALCUTTA, March 7.

Three sick destitutes died in two hospitals in Calcutta yesterday.

The number of deaths of 'Paupers' in the city increased to 252 in the week ending March 4 from 223 in the preceding week, according to the vital statistics of the Calcutta Corporation. Deaths from all causes during this week totalled 1,131, recording an increase of 8 over the previous week's figure.

NOAKHALI, March 7. The total number of deaths in the district of Noakhali during 1943, according to a statement made by the District Publicity Officer, was 72,326 as against 37,465 in 1942. A total of 38,857 persons died in Bankura District during 1943, according to the figures of the District Board Health Department. The total number of deaths in the district in 1942 was 20,555.

FARIDPUR, March 6.—The opening ceremony of the first "self-heelp co-operative village" was performed by the Bengal Premier, Sir Nazimuddin during the last week-end at village Ulukanda. This new scheme involves automatic hundred per cent procurment and distribution of local food supplies.

A gift of £50 for the library of the Canteen in the Bombay Town Hall has been made by the Northumberland and Durham War Needs Funds.

Selections for To-day's Races

STRONGLY FANCIED IN LUMLEY GOLD CUP

(From Our Racing Correspondent)

Good-sized fields figure in the programme which is scheduled for decision to-day at Mahaluxmi.

The Lumley Gold Cup features as the day's attraction. The Baroda-owned Royal Windsor is strongly fancied in the Cup event.

The following are my selections:—
1st race: Easter Monday 1. Merry Clipper 2. Lioness 3.
2nd race: Meadow 1. Brother Scribe 2. Kaima 3.
3rd race: Gold Flake 1. Jutland 2. King Solomon 3.
4th race: Subhi Jazira 1. Sukab Baghdad 2. Janab 3.
5th race: Keep Smilin' 1. Square Deal 2. Pink Diamond 3.
6th race: Royal Windsor 1. Mahbob 2. His Highness .
7th race: Caerloptic 1. Moot Law 2. Ayesha 3.
8th race: Bluetoi 1. Gay Jester 2. Beau Brummel 3.
9th race: Lila 1. Fadilhat al Garb 2.Indemnity 3.
Dark Flukes: Prominent and Assaf Mahmud.

RANJI TROPHY SEMI-FINAL

MADRAS, March 7.

The semi-final for the Ranji Trophy between Western India States Cricket Association and Northern India Cricket Association will be played at Rajkot on the 17th, 18th, 19th and 20th March.—A. P.

"CHINA OF TODAY"

Y. M. C. A. Secretary On Progress Of Nation Under Chiang's Leadership

Speaking at the local Y.M.C.A., on the "China of To-day", Mr. Leung, General Secretary, Y.M.C.A., China, said that the present war which created so many dangers and difficulties for China, had also provided her with opportunities, not only to discover her potentialities, but to organise, reconstruct and plan for a Greater China.

Sir Francis Low presided.

Mr. Leung said that in the present war China had discovered that given proper training, equipment, and leadership, China could fight as well as any other people.

Under the supreme command of Chiang-Kai-Shek, China had become one. Even those who differed and fought with him in the old days, were to-day his obedient followers. Chinese Turkestan, which before the war, was ideologically more akin to Russia than to China, was to-day an integral part of the republic, for all China realised that "they must hang together, or they would hang seperately."

The speaker mentioned how the qualities of patience and endurance, in the face of great material and human destruction, had developed in China. Nobody grumbled, nobody tried to run away from his post of duty.

On account of the loss of the Burma Road, the only way to get in or to get out of China was through India. It was not easy to use this road to get the daily needs of the people, as military requirements came first. This had brought about a terrific increase in prices. In some places, the increase was 22 thousand per cent—an egg costing as much as 6 dollars.

Professors, teachers, Government servants etc., were hit hardest by these soaring prices. It was more profitable to run a rickshaw, he said, than to be a professor. But they did not abandon their work.

Concluding, the speaker said that side by side with conducting the war against Japan, China was reconstructing her industries; she was laying fresh railway lines. Telegraph and telephone lines, keeping her universities alive, and also planning for a new China based on justice and equalities.

Sir Francis Low in his concluding remarks said that China who had fought undaunted for seven years was an example and inspiration to those who were feeling downhearted.

BOMBAY FOOD SUPPLIES

Rural Development Board Approves Govt. Plan

The Director of Information Bombay writes:

The Government's plans for procuring the 'kharif' and 'rabi' harvests were generally approved by the Bombay Provincial Rural Development Board on Monday. The Board emphasised the necessity of the Government doing all it could to secure public co-operation in the scheme.

The Government's scheme was explained by Mr. A. D. Gorwala, Supply Commissioner. After discussion, it was generally agreed that wide publicity should be given to orders concerning food supplies and that the liability of each agriculturist must be definitely stated and clearly communicated to him. The Board also suggested that, to secure the confidence of the cultivator, some of the supplies purchased should be retained for storage in the village.

The meeting stressed the importance of proper storage of grain and declared that it would be unfair if the food purchased in the villages was sold back to the villagers at a considerably higher price. Such sales in the villages, it was held, should be at approximately the price paid.

The Board also discussed the suggestion that for 1944-45 the cultivator in the deficit districts should be legally compelled to grow a proportion of food grain, but no specific conclusions were formulated.

GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS WILL BE CLOSED FOR HOLI

All Government Grain Shops in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District will remain closed on Friday, March 10, it being a public holiday on account of Holi.

C. P. M.'s ORDER SET ASIDE IN HIGH COURT

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Lokur and Mr. Justice Weston.)

Abram Ichok Kronenberg Appellant (Original Accused).
Versus.
Imperator ..... Respondent.

This was an appeal by the accused, a businessman, from the order of the Chief Presidency Magistrate convicting him of cheating and sentencing him to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 900. The prosecution case was that on 16th December 1942 the accused obtained Rs. 19,500 from one Bhagwandas Motilal on the representation that he would supply him bar soap at a concession rate which he never actually did. The defence of the accused was that later on Bhagwandas agreed to and did accept butters papers instead of bar soap which was not available.

Their Lordships held that the prosecution had failed to prove its case and that the dispute between the parties should have been left for determination by the Civil Court. Their Lordships, therefore, set aside the conviction and the sentence passed by the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

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Before leaving Bombay.

To report departures out of Bombay for more than a week and not to draw 'ghost' rations for absentees is a legal obligation under the Bombay Rationing Regulations.

You can intimate your departure to your Ward Rationing Office, giving the code and serial numbers of your card, your name and address and the name or number of your shop-keeper. You must also see that in your absence your card is not used by anyone else.

You can best carry out this responsibility and also avoid the inconvenience of writing to the Ward Office if you deposit your card either at your Ward Rationing Office or at one of the Rationing Kiosks that have been specially opened for your convenience near both the upper and third class booking offices at V. T., Bombay Central, Dadar (G. I. P.), Dadar (B. B. & C. I.) and The Ferry Wharf.

Receipts will be given for the cards. These should be carefully preserved and on return to Bombay they should be produced at the Ward Rationing Office to get back the ration cards.

People going out of Bombay for two months or more will have to surrender their cards and when they return to the city, they will be given new cards on application.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

It is not by wearing down into uniformity all that is individual in themselves, but by cultivating it and calling it forth, within the limits imposed by the rights and interests of others, that human beings become a noble and beautiful object of contemplation.

—John Stuart Mill.

The Bombay Chronicle

NATIONAL INDUSTRIES

When the import of war supplies from Britain became almost impossible the Government of India adopted Swadeshi and generously helped the starting of a number of industries. When those who started them were anxious about the future after the war, Government made big promises that due protection would be given to the industries. So things are going on pretty well at present, but off and on businessmen who have the bitter experience of the promises of the last war are feeling distrustful of the present promises. And the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry has felt it necessary to adopt a resolution expressing "grave apprehension" regarding the post-war position of the new industries. While appreciating Government's promises about the future, the Federation wishes that something must be done immediately to safeguard their fulfilment. It accordingly suggests that suitable machinery on the lines of the *ad hoc* committee under the Safeguarding of Industries Act in the United Kingdom should immediately be evolved to consider the claims of such industries for adequate protection—when necessary—without recourse to a reference to the Tariff Board. Government have had no difficulty in appointing a number of Committees about doing things after the war. One or two more committees can be accommodated easily enough. What they will lead to is a different question.

What has somewhat perturbed Indian businessmen in this connection is the recent imports, with Government help, of manufactured goods the like of which are manufactured here. If Government's excuse is that indigenous production is not adequate, the Federation justly points out that the industries concerned are quite in a position to meet increased demand if only Government "extend to them the necessary assistance in the shape of further imports of plant and machinery and of materials, stores and the requisite component parts for such increased output." Mr. G. L. Mehta, in moving the resolution in question, said that if bicycles and fans could be imported regardless of the bottleneck of shipping, it was difficult to understand why their component parts or capital goods and machinery could not be imported for expanding domestic production. The explanation is nothing mysterious but Government will perhaps urge the plea, worn threadbare, that the imports of consumption articles help to combat inflation. Most objectionable is the import of textiles from Britain because it is in direct contravention of Government's assurances that only commodities which were either not produced in India at all or produced in extremely small quantities would be imported. Mr. Mehta had good reason to complain that Government turned down the Canadian Government's offer of one lakh tons of wheat for Bengal's famine-stricken people on the plea of shortage of shipping space, but shipping space was found for importing whisky and toilet goods and textiles.

Another important resolution adopted by the Federation related to the effects of the present system of taxation of industries. It regretted that the heavy taxes had not allowed Indian industries to build up any appreciable reserves to meet deferred renewals and repairs which would be necessary as a result of the undue strain to which plant and machinery had been put by continuous working to meet war requirements. The resolution, therefore, recommended that industries should be allowed to build up substantial reserves for the purposes indicated above. Sir Eadridas Goenka, who moved the resolution, expressed the feeling shared by most businessmen that the present high rate of Income and Excess Profits Taxes had taken away all incentive to production and the new tax proposals which would take away practically all the profits, were bound to injure many businesses. A policy adequately helpful to Indian industries is possible only under a truly National Government. The Federation, which has done well to demand the immediate release of Congress leaders in the hope that this will facilitate the installing of a National Government, should not be content with a resolution but should do everything it can to see that the resolution is respected by Government.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Zhukov's Lightning Drive

Marshal Zhukov's return to the battlefield has been signalised by a sensational breakthrough on the First Ukrainian front. The Red Army has already occupied a number of district centres in the Tarnopol region and cut the Proshurov-Tarnopol railway line. It is now within 18 miles of Tarnopol from the north-east and 20 miles from Proshurov from the north. If both these key railway junctions are captured by the Red Army and the vital Odessa-Lwow line cut, it will mean the final severance of the life-line of von Manstein's forces in the south. Indeed, the latest reports reveal that within a few hours Marshal Zhukov will have consummated his lightning drive on this front and forced a vast German army estimated at three-quarters of a million into a fateful retreat across tenuous communications. There is nothing very unexpected in this development—it has been long foreseen by every student of strategy—and it remains to be seen how Manstein extricates his divisions from their perilous plight.

American Troops In Burma

The announcement of the first appearance of American troops on the Burma front has been heralded by the capture of Walalum in which they played a notable part. A force of nearly 2,000 Japanese soldiers has been now caught in Chinese-American pincers and it must have come as an unpleasant surprise to General Tojo that American forces—which include veterans from the Pacific area—are now taking a hand in the fighting on the Burma front. The American-trained Chinese forces, who are operating in the Hukawng Valley, have already made good progress during the last four months and are fighting the Japs with their own tactics. The reinforcement of U. S. troops will make the Northern Burma front livelier. The latest developments in Arakan and the presence of a seasoned Sino-American force under General Stilwell in the vital Hukawng Valley provide a writing on the wall for the Japanese army in Burma.

Priority For Education

In his convocation address to the Calcutta University Sir S. Radhakrishnan earnestly pleaded for priority for education among schemes of reconstruction now being considered. This is in refreshing contrast to the light-hearted remark of the Viceroy regarding the Sargent scheme, made in his address to the Associated Chambers of Commerce in Calcutta in January last, that India had simply no funds for such a scheme and that the order of priority should be communications, health and education. Nobody denies the claims of many other departments of national life, but a certain stage of progress in education which is still far ahead of us, is a pre-requisite of progress in all other directions. Sir Sarvapalle paid a just tribute to the Sargent scheme and said that, if India was not to lag behind other progressive countries, the scheme must be put through. The necessary funds for it can and must be found. It is a shame that India still lags a generation and more behind even Fascist countries in respect of education.

Need For National Government

As if he himself felt the sting of this contrast, Mr. Casey, the Governor-Chancellor, remarked at the convocation: "We have long known that in Germany education even under Nazi tyranny, with its absurd racial dogmas, reached a high technical level; so also, but in lesser degree, in Japan. But clearly education in these countries has not fitted their peoples to take an honourable part in the civilised comity of nations; therefore, I think that education does not realise itself to the full unless it emphasises such requirements of civilised social behaviour as fraternity, tolerance and sound cultural background." Whatever the position of Germany and Japan among civilised countries, so far as India is concerned, the main question is not between this or that kind of education but between a decent standard of education and no education. That only ten per cent of the people of India are literate is a discredit to a century and more of British rule. Sir Sarvapalle rightly observed that only a national Government enjoying the confidence of the people would be able to make amends for past neglect. To avoid misunderstanding he promptly added that the presence of a number of eminent Indians does not make the Government a national one.

"Absolute Tyranny"

Certain Congress members of the Punjab Legislature, released from jail, seem to have been found inconvenient by the local Government, who, accordingly, served on them orders not to attend the Assembly without the previous permission of the District Magistrate. The Government knew well that the Congress Legislators would never care to seek the Magistrate's permission in exercising their privilege. The authorities are thus safe from inconvenient but privileged criticism in the Assembly—at any rate for the time being. As regards the justice of the orders, the Government think they have the power in these days to serve worse orders and they are using it, justice or no justice. They are not deterred by the criticism of Sir Gokulchand Narang that the orders in question are "absolute tyranny". However, all the local Congress legislators and their sympathisers should consult lawyers and devise effective methods to challenge this flouting of justice and constitutional privilege.

Will They Explain?

If it is true that certain officials deliberately withheld from Gandhiji for two days many condolence messages meant for him, it was, indeed, most petty-minded and shabby conduct on their part. But perhaps they are capable of worse things. A charitable interpretation may be that they were afraid that certain words in the messages had a political meaning or suggestion and they probably wanted to make sure in consultation with higher authorities whether the words could be communicated to Gandhiji without setting in motion "prejudicial" forces. They have quite naturally an uneasy conscience, at any rate such of them as have any conscience in dealing with Congress leaders. Will they explain?

"Elders" X'Ray Budget

Exploitation Of India On Scientific Basis

TAXATION PROPOSALS WILL ROB BOTH PETER & PAUL TO PAY JEREMY SAYS MOTILAL

NEW DELHI, March 7.

Under the decision announced by the Commander-In-Chief today in the Council of State, the Indian combatant soldier serving in the field will now draw Rs. 37|8|- per month. The last substantial increases in pay were made in September 1942.

In addition, when serving overseas, he receives an expartriation allowance of Rs. 7 a month, which makes a total of Rs. 44-8-0 per month. Besides this pay, the Indian soldier is housed, clothed and fed and in fact gets everything found at Government expense.

The Commander-in-Chief said: "Hon'ble members will recollect that the last considerable improvement in the pay of the Indian soldier was made in September, 1942. That was the third increase since the outbreak of the present war and was estimated to cost about Rs. 5.3 crores a year.

WHY TAX ON POOR MAN'S NECESSARIES?

Sir A. P. Patro felt the question of production and industrial expansion had received very little attention from the Finance Member and said whatever was proposed would take effect only after the war. The incentive to agriculture would be lessened with prices falling and there was already a sliding down noticeable towards that. Why was it necessary, he asked, to tax the 'necessaries' of the farmer and the peasant such as tobacco, betelnuts, tea and coffee when millionaires were becoming multi-millionaires?

DEFENCE EXPENDITURE

Pt. Hridaynath Kunzru dealt at length with Defence Expenditure and said: "We should not be surprised if we find a few months hence that the expenditure provided for 1944-45 is less than what has been actually incurred.' Reconquest of Burma was an imperial concern for which His Majesty's Government should bear the burden but he asked, why was it that Rs. 4 crores had been provided in the forthcoming year to increase the carrying capacity of the Bengal-Assam Railway which would be obviously used for movement of troops towards the Arakan?

SCANDALOUS PROCEDURE

Pt. Kunzru wondered how the Government of India could agree to the 'scandalous' procedure of allowing Britain and the U.S.A. to sell gold in India at profitable rates and asked why His Majesty's Government could not transfer the gold to the Indian Government at the exchange rate.

"EXPLOITATION IN PEACE & WAR"

Mr. G. S. Motilal declared that his general impression of the budget was that the keynote of British policy in India was exploitation of the people of this country—exploitation in time of peace and more and greater exploitation in time of war.

He argued that duties and taxes in this country were so manoeuvred and devised as to facilitate other countries and Britain, and referred to imposition of excise duty on textiles in India and the principle of Imperial Preference, which were designed to facilitate England's selling her goods to India. Now in time of war, every facility was given to England to buy goods from India. Exploitation, he said, had been made into a fine art and was now on a scientific basis—on a more scientific basis even than it used to be in the earlier years of war. He complained that out of the total budget figure of 400 crores, 300 crores had been allotted to Defence, about which they had no detailed information.

ROBBING BOTH TO PAY JEREMY

Mr. Motilal said that he was opposed to all taxation proposals because they were not only designed to rob Peter to pay Paul but to rob both Peter and Paul to pay Jeremy. (Laughte)

Mr Hussain Imam strongly criticised the procedure of accounting adopted by the Government and said that it was a misnomer to call it a budget or even a statement of affairs. He was not opposed to taking away 100 per cent of the Excess Profits—in fact he himself had suggested it at one time—but the present proposals took away 102 per cent of the profits, which he did not like. He complained that adequate provision had not been made for relief of evacuees in India; when other countries in the world were prepared to do all they could to help those who had lost their homes, their own mother country was niggardly in this respect.

Referring to dollar resources he suggested that these resources should be available to the Reserve Bank of India for circulation in India and the Reserve Bank Act should be amended suitably. He objected to the policy of Petrol Duty refund. "There is no word to apply to the budget except robbery", he declared.

"UNPARLIAMENTARY"

The President objected to the word robbery and said that it was an unparliamentary word.

Mr. Hussain Imam amended his word to dishonesty.

Referring to sale of gold, Mr. Imam pointed out that when America was making payment in gold for purchases in Iran and Iraq, the payment was made to Government and not to the people. He contended that the sale should have been done by the Government themselves instead of allowing H.M.G. and America to sell gold through the Reserve Bank at the price prevailing in India.

"It is a misnomer to call the budget presented as a budget nor even a statement of affairs but it is a statement of actions taken by Government at their own discretion."

(Message Incomplete)

"JAIPRAKASH IS DANGEROUS PRISONER"

Punjab Premier On Special Precautions In Jail

LAHORE, March 7.

Replying to a number of questions on Mr. Jaiprakash Narain in the Punjab Assembly to-day the Premier, Malik Khizar Hyat Khan Tiwana, said: "Mr. Jaiprakash Narain has been in the Punjab since his arrest and is still kept in the Province."

Asked to state the place and period of his detention and whether Government intended to produce him before a court of law the Premier said that it was not in public interest to reply to the same.

Replying to further questions the Premier said: "Mr. Jaiprakash Narain's weight at the time of arrest was 128 pounds and is at present 140 pounds. He is being regularly examined by medical experts".

The Premier added that the security prisoners' rule did not provide interviews with legal advisers.

Asked why Mr. Jaiprakash Narain was not sent to a judicial look-up the Premier stated: "He is a dangerous prisoner who has successfully escaped from jail and as such he is kept where special precaution can be best exercised."

UPROAR IN PUNJAB ASSEMBLY

An uproar was created in the Punjab Assembly to-day when Mr. Bhagatram Sharma wanted to move an adjournment motion to censure Government for cancellation of the previous permission given to Mr. Muniram Kalia, an interned Congress M.L.A. to attend the Assembly.

The Opposition alleged that a police officer was moving about in the Assembly Chamber yesterday to serve the cancellation order on Mr. Kalia. It has held as a definite infringement of the privileges of the members of the House and the Opposition wanted the Speaker's protection in this regard.

The Premier replying said that Government had to cancel the previous permission given to Mr. Muniram Kalia to attend the Assembly. As regards the presence of police officer in the Assembly Chamber yesterday in order to serve the same order the Premier stated that he had no information to that effect.—United Press.

CONVICTIONS BY SPECIAL COURTS

CALCUTTA, March 7.

In Bengal, 3,313 persons were convicted upto May 31 last by Special Courts under Ordinance 11 of 1942, said Khan Bahadur Mohammad Ali, Parliamentary Secretary, in reply to a question in the Bengal Legislative Assembly this afternoon.

Sentences by the Special Criminal Courts having been validated by Ordinance No. 19 of 1943, Government did not contemplate release of these prisoners, unless their sentences were set aside on appeal. Superintendents of jails in Bengal had, however, been asked to inform all persons sentenced under this ordinance of their right of appeal as provided by Ordinance 19 of 1943. He added. —A. P.

BAN ON ANTI-"SATYARTH PRAKASH" CONFERENCE

LAHORE, March 7.

Mr. K. H. Henderson, District Magistrate, Lahore, promulgated an order to-day under Sec. 144 C.R.P.C. prohibiting the holding of an anti-"Satyarth Prakash" Conference within the limits of Lahore for the period of one month as in his opinion "the holding of such a conference is likely to lead to a disturbance of the public tranquillity."

The conference was to be held in Lahore on March 17, 18 and 19.—A.P.

BENGAL SECURITY PRISONERS RELEASE

CALCUTTA, March 6: It is officially announced that the number of security prisoners released since the assumption of office by the present ministry has now risen to 510.—United Press.

THE REASON WHY Detenus Served With Order

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, March 6.

It is understood about 43 political detenus in jail have been served with an order informing them of the reason for their detentions, and asking them if they have to make any representation to the Government of Bombay they can do so, through Jail authorities, but it is reliably understood no one has given any reply.

KANARA CONGRESSMAN RELEASED

Mr. Shamrao Krishna Shenvi, of Ankola, District Karwar, detained under DIR since August 1942, was released on the 4th inst., from Nasik jail unconditionally. He proceeded straight to his native place, Ankola to see his ailing aged mother.

ORDER ON FIVE CONGRESSMEN

BROACH, March 6: A notification has been issued requiring Chotalal Puran, M. L. A. and four other Congress workers to present themselves to the authorities within one month of the date of notification.—A. P.

NOTICE ON DETENUS

SURAT, March 7: Kanhaiyalal Desai, a member of the A. I. C. C. and President of the Surat District Congress Committee, Kalyanji Mehta, Ishwarlal Gulabbhai Morarbhai Patel and Arunchandra Pandya, Congress detenus of Surat in Nasik Jail have been served with notices asking them to give reasons why they should not be detained under D. I. R., according to information received here.—A. P.

REVIEW OF ORISSA DETENUS' CASES

CUTTACK

The appointment of a Committee to review the cases of political prisoners detained under DIR was announced in the Orissa Assembly today by the Maharaja of Parlakimedi, the Premier. The Maharaja said the Province originally had 337 detenus, of whom 113 had been released.—A P.

PESHAWAR, March 2.—A Gazette Notification announces that the Peshawar Municipality will remain suspended till further orders.

Christians' Protest Meeting

It is regrettable that the speakers at the meeting of Christians held to protest against the resolution of the University Senate for the disaffiliation of the Sophia College should have raised a cry of minorities in danger.

The action of the Senate was described by the speakers as an indication of what would happen to the minorities in the future Independent India. It is a pity that His Grace the Archbishop in his letter addressed to the meeting impliedly approved of the reference made at various meetings in the country to the act of the Senate as carrying implications of the oppression of minorities. However much one may differ from and criticize the action of the Syndicate it is reprehensible to exploit it for raising a cry of the oppression of the minorities. The Syndicate Committee, whose report was unanimous included Parsees and Muslims, and it is unjust to attribute to them any communal or minority prejudice.

Those who voted in the Senate for the disaffiliation also comprised members of the minority community. One wishes that members of the Christian community who feel aggrieved at the Senate resolution would not lose sense of proportion and lead their community into the mistake of feeling that the action of the Senate had behind it any motive of harming or persecuting the Christian or Roman Catholic community.

(Sir) CHIMANLAL H. SETALVAD.

Poona, March 6.

Sophia College Affair

In the Readers' column of your esteemed paper of the 6th instant, I was amazed to read a letter by Mr. P Mulla stating that some Indian Catholics blame the majority (Hindus) for supporting and bringing about the disaffiliation of Sophia College.

One cannot read the minds of the Indian Catholics by stray statements issued to the Press by some idle and irresponsible members of the Indian Catholic community. We have to judge the attitude of the Indian Catholic community according to the opinion and views expressed on their behalf by their leaders, as have been done in the several protest meetings held in many parts of India.

Having had the privilege of reading practically all such statements I can state emphatically, sincerely and with honesty that not a word was uttered either against the majority (Hindus) or even against the little great Parsi community by the speakers in the protest meetings.

To study the minds of the Indian Catholics, therefore, only the views expressed by their leaders are to be taken at their face value, as the voice of their leaders represents the voice of their community.

AN INDIAN CATHOLIC.

NEW DELHI. The IDSM has been awarded to two Gurkhas for gallantry in the Chin hills. They are 38056 Rfn. Gangalal Pun and Naik Daljit Gurung, 3rd Gurkha Rifles, says a press note.

Mayor Opens Vegetable Fruit And Flower Show

Tribute To Mrs. Munshi's Effort: 600 Entries Of Various Classes Of Exhibits Received

The purpose of such a show is too plain to need mention and its usefulness perhaps too obvious to deserve emphasis, though, in the midst of a world busy with the business of destruction, to some it might look queer to think of flowers, fruits and vegetables". But even the most war-minded amongst us will admit that vegetables and fruits are the staff and strength of our existence. Cartridges can kill, capsules might cure. But it is some of these vegetables which you will see here today that are the source of much of our health".

Thus declared Mrs. Lilavati K. Munshi in her welcome speech at the vegetable, fruit and flower show which was opened by Mr. M. R. Masani, the Mayor at the Brabourne Stadium on Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Munshi in the course of her speech traced the origin and development of the idea of the show and thanked all those who had helped in making it a success. Continuing she said:—

"It is the duty of the public to be wide awake to the needs of a situation which may overtake us at any time. The public, therefore, must be prepared to concert measures to be self-sufficient in the matter of essentials of life. In our own humble way, therefore, we have furnished an opportunity to display the skill in growing vegetables and fruits hidden in many corners in the city of Bombay and suburbs as well as in the Presidency, and made the results available for public knowledge and appreciation so that they may be encouraged to grow more and better vegetables and fruits."

Mr. Nadirshah, Jt. Hon. Secretary of the Show Committee requested the Mayor to declare the Show open.

MAYOR OPENS SHOW

While doing so the Mayor said:—"India has always suffered from a grave deficiency in vegetables and fruits. Our total production of vegetables is in the neighbourhood of 9 million tons in a year. As it is estimated by nutrition expert that the daily 'per capita' requirement, particularly in a country where flesh foods are not favoured is 12 oz the total of vegetables required comes to 49 million tons. It will thus be seen that India does not produce even one-fifth of the vegetables her people need. The deficiency in respect of fruits is no less serious."

Mr. Masani stressed the need for every encouragement being given to the production of vegetables and fruits, which nutrition experts described as protective foods, in the Province as well as in the City of Bombay and its environs. That encouragement should be in the tangible form of the supply of water, seed and manure to the cultivator.

"The trouble with the official 'Grow More Food' campaigns is," said Mr. Masani, "that in the present political situation the appeals of Government for popular co-operation are bound to fall largely on deaf ears. Co-operation has to be mutual and cannot be compartmentalised or departmentalised."

What was important about this Show, said Mr. Masani, was that it was a purely non-official effort. The response had been very encouraging, 30 gardens of various classes having entered for competition and no less than 600 entries being received of various classes of exhibits.

The Mayor then gave away 15 different cups donated by various persons. There were also cash prizes of the aggregate value of Rs. 2,500.

Among the winners of trophies are Mr. A. Tindall Matters, the Phirozeshah Mehta gardens and the Willingdon Sports Club.

Mr. B. L. Desai proposed a vote of thanks to judges and helpers and Jamnadas Dwarkadas to the Mayor.

"Caste Must Go"

Nothing pleased me so much in recent years as your uncompromising editorial "Caste Must Go". I also read the lengthy letter of Mr. J. E. Sanjana on the subject in your issue of February 28, and am provoked to pen these lines on account of the latter.

Mr. Sanjana makes out a case that the caste system of the Hindus will never lose its inelasticity, as it is based on the Karmic theory. The natural corollary of such a hypothesis is that all the efforts made by men like Gandhiji for the uplift of the Hindus are bound to end in futility and frustration. He uses the inelegant word "camouflage" to express his idea.

Discarding the possibility that Hinduism will ever be purged of its superstition and prejudice, Mr. Sanjana proceeds to say that the only salvation for India's 60 million untouchables is to embrace Christianity. They must not accept Mohammadanism, for it will only ascerbate the feelings between Hindus and Muslims and increase communal tension.

But the reasons he gives, why these 60 million men and women must embrace Christianity, are, to say the least, unconvincing.

He maintains that the Hindus must realise that it is impossible for them ever to assimilate these "irritants", and in allowing them to become Christians, the present hostility will suddenly become love and friendship between the two communities.

His other suggestion that the untouchables, with instinctive reverence to Goddess, mother or Mata, can be easily persuaded to accept in exchange the "benignant and beautiful Mother-Mary" of the Christians, is too light-hearted to merit serious consideration.

When he enforces his argument by stating that Christianity is the religion of the "progressive Western Nations," one cannot help feeling a little compassion for Mr. Sanjana for his confused thinking. Suffice it to say, that Christ never taught men to kill, to mutilate, to destroy.

Accepting the hypothesis of Mr. Sanjana that the untouchables will never be assimilated in the Hindu Society, based as it is on concept of Karma, there is the grave danger that if they become Christians, it might bring about a big new block of people, who, might add to, rather than detract from the communal situation. The position might be analogous to the trite phrase "from the frying pan to the fire."

Why should not the untouchables seriously consider the acceptance of the Bahai Faith? It is against no religion and no prophet—honours them all as beacons and torch-bearers in the corridors of time. It is a synthesis of the finest fundamental truths taught by the founders of all religions. It has done away with rituals, priestcraft and superstition. Like Christ in the olden days, like Gandhiji to-day, it teaches men to love and live, not hate and destroy. Its ideal is universal love and harmony, in which the difference of castes and creeds, nations and races will disappear, and humanity will emerge triumphantly on an era of peace, prosperity, and undreamt of human unity.

This is a serious suggestion made to Dr. Ambedkar, who, I feel, is genuinely harassed by the practical difficulties in his way when he tries to bring the untouchables to the level of the other communities. This bewilderment is evidenced in his repeated pronouncements, when he alternately threatens to make mass conversions of untouchables to Christianity or Sikhism.

I hope that the more earnest and literate of the members of his community will also ponder over this well-meant suggestion.

MANI H. MEHTA.

February 29.

Profiteering In Salt

It is an admitted fact that salt is a daily necessity of life equally useful both to poor and rich and moreover it is being used along with food meant for animals and also for agricultural purposes. About one and a half year ago the price of salt was Rs. 1/14 to 2/4 per Bengali maund, inclusive of the Government duty which is Rs. 1/9. This would give the price of salt exclusive of duty at as. 5 to as. 7 per maund. For the last several months the manufacturers of salt charge the price of Rs. 3/5 per maund which is far in excess over the cost price and it is in contravention of the Ordinance—limiting profit to 20 per cent.

Taking into consideration the increased cost of production and the wages paid to the workers at salt works the maximum cost price cannot exceed as. 11 per maund.

If duty is added to the said cost the maximum cost price of the salt would be Rs. 2/4 per maund Nobody challenges the right of the salt manufacturers to add 20 per cent to the cost price. But in any event they are not entitled to charge exorbitant rates. It seems that the Government is kept in the dark about the actual cost of the production and I, therefore, deem it my duty to give out this figures so that the authority concerned may take necessary action and control price of the salt in accordance with the Ordinance.

The profiteering by the salt merchants and manufacturers is highly detrimental to the interests of the public and I am, therefore, confident that Government will take up this matter immediately. I may further add that there are associations in Bombay which look after the interests of the buyers and these associations will be glad to provide authoritative figures of actual cost of the production of salt.

HAJI ABDULLA ABDUL GAFOOR.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"Black money", as he termed money made in the "black markets" by big businessmen, was so plentiful that those who made it thought little of parting with portions of it to officials. Corruption increased, as was evidenced by the number of cases, but it was a shame, he declared, that there was discrimination even in corruption, for only Indian officials were being brought to book, European civilians went scot free."

—M. T. S. A. Chettiar (Congress) in the Central Legislative Assembly.

* * *

"Indian Issue In Nutshell"

—Headline

Nuts!

* * *

During the debate on the budget, Mr. Jamnadas Mehta said: "The time has come for a dictator. I wish to see a Cromwell or a Mussolini with a bullet proof armour and with two pistols, one aimed at the profiteer and the other at the inflator".

We reliably understand that the ex-Duce is perfectly ready to take on the job and is anxiously awaiting the call from Lord Wavell.

* * *

It was revealed at a Press Conference arranged for the authors of the ten-thousand crore plan in New Delhi that "the capitalists have no objection to socialisation".

Yes, Sir! they are perfectly ready to socialise and claim a share in whatever little the poor man possesses.

* * *

Do You Know That....

Inspired by the U.S.O.W.I. column under the above heading in our yesterday's issue, the Junior Colleague has perpetrated the following howlers:—

(1) *All Indians are known as Hindus in the United States and that is why Quaid-e-Azam Jinnah has issued a fatwa prohibiting members of the Muslim League from setting foot on Yank-land.*

(2) *The first American paper in India ..was the USOWI started by Uncle Sam.*

(3) *During 1943 only those Indian pseudo-journalists who held H. M. V. certificates were allowed to visit the States, the most prominent among them being one who also sported a knighthood.*

(4) *Incidentally the reason why the USOWI does not transmit news about India to America is that President Roosevelt does not want to hear any criticism against his friend Churchill.*

(5) *In India the most popular spring footwear is the sole of your own foot!—And that goes for all other seasons, too!*

Increasing Popularity of—

WESTERN INDIA

LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD., SATARA.

NEW BUSINESS IN 1943

Breaks All Previous Records

	1942	1943
Introduced Rs.	95,71,441	1,33,97,427
Completed ,,	76,18,729	1,14,55,458

An increase of 50% over last year's completed business.

The Directors and management of the Company take this opportunity to thank all their policyholders, organizers, agents and office staff for their support and co-operation.

BOMBAY BRANCH: Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

MORVI RAILWAY

GOOD NEWS TO MERCHANTS

Through booking facilities for booking of goods traffic from Bombay to any station in Kathiawar, Gujerat & Upper India Via NAVLAKHI PORT & Vice Versa by Sea-cum-rail-route.

Since the booking of goods traffic from stations Bombay to Broach or to Kathiawar & Vice Versa Via all rail route has been closed, the Morvi Railway has opened the goods booking office at Bombay for through booking of all commodities at very cheap rates by sea-cum-rail-route via NAVLAKHI PORT for the facilities of merchants.

For booking of goods to Bombay Via NAVLAKHI PORT the consignments may be booked to NAVLAKHI and the Railway Receipts may be sent to our Agent Mr. J T. KOTAK Morvi or Navlakhi who will arrange to despatch the goods to Bombay as per instructions from the sender. He will also arrange for marine insurance

For rates &c. see or apply to the undersigned or to our authorised agent Mr. J. T. KOTAK.

HEAD OFFICE.
98, Sheikh Memon Street. Bombay 2.
Telephone 32597, 34551

RAILWAY BOOKING OFFICE.
Clearing Agent: LAKHAMSHI HEMRAJ & CO.
27, Bhat Bazar. Opposite Fountain. Bombay.
Telephone 25655

Traffic Supdt's Office, Morvi D|27th Octr. 1943. V. J. DAFTARY, Traffic Superintendent.

ZULU WARRIOR AND HIS WIVES.

"ZOOLOO" A MEDICINE USED BY THE ZULUS FOR INCREASING VIGOUR AND VITALITY.

The course of treatment consists of at least three bottles but for many men a bottle or two would suffice. The price of a bottle of "ZOOLOO" is Rs. 20|- (Packing and Postage extra). OUR FREE BOOKLETS:—On application we shall send you free of charge our booklets, "The Secret of Youth" and the "Magic of Simba" or "How to remain young for life." (On your sending Annas three. pies six Stamps for postage).

Apply to Sole Agents:— NEVILLE & YOUNG
Court House, (B.C.) Dhobi Talao, opp. St. Xavier's School, Bombay 2
Manufacturers:—THE AFRICA CORPORATION. (ZULULAND)

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SHREE GURU ELECTROPLATING FOUNDRY
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Banker: EASTERN TRADERS BANK LTD., Calcutta.

CITY MARKETS

Bombay, March 7.

SHARES: The local Share Bazar was fairly steady to-day with improved buying and it appears that the effects of new taxes proposed in the Budget are now fully discounted. The recent drop was too rapid and ruling quotations are believed to be attractive and there was a fair amount of short covering and replacement buying. Tata Steel Dfd. Shares opened at Rs. 2,080 and advanced to Rs. 2,100 while Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 410 and advanced to Rs. 413. Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs. 2.052 and hardened to Rs 2.075 while Century Mill Shares were quoted at Rs. 977. Kohinoor Mill Shares opened at Rs 689 and improved to Rs 696.

TEXTILE Ahmed Advance 502-8; Apollo 4-15; Bharat Mills 82-0; Bom Dyeing 2073-12; Cent India 426.8; Century 1000-0; Colaba 231-0; Dawn 1140-0; Ed Sassoon 737; Elphinstone 107-0; Finlay 384-0; Gokak 357-9; Hindustan 4010-0; Ind Bleaching 220-0; Ind United Ordy 18-14; Ind Defd 4-0; Indore Malwa 1150-0; Khatau 412-8; Kohinoor 694-0; Lakshmi 1800-0; Madhowji 25-4; Minerva 312-8; Model Nagpur 312-8; Madhusudan 506-0; Meyer Sassoon 247-12; Morarji 750-0; Mysore 305-0; New Great 423-0; Phoenix 777-8; Podar Mills 475-0; Sassoon Silk 103-0; Sassoon Spg 27-4; Sholapur 8700-0; Shri Nivas 431-4; Simplex 258-0; Svadeshi 586-0; Swan 361-0; Tata Mills 62-0; Vishnu 552-8; Western India 3700-0;.

INS. Bom Life 227-8, Empire Life 815-0, Oriental 6310-0, Vulcan 20-0, Ind and Prudent 40-8, Ind Mercantile 81-8, Jupiter 40-12, New India 89-0

HYDRO AND ELEC. Ahmed Elec 202-8; Ajmera 14-8; And Valley 1830-0; Bom Tram Ordy 141-8; Bom Suburban 198-0; Karachi 255-0; Poona 300-0; Broach 13-6; Surat 100-10; Surat New 70-0; Tata Hydro Ord 199-0; Tata Power Ord 1862-8;.

BANK: Baroda Bank 143-0; Bank of India 175-0; Central Bank 94-0; Habib Bank 87-4; Imperial Bank 1975-0; Imperial P P 510-0; Union Bank 9-14; Reserve Bank 134-8.

PREF SHARES: 7 p c And Valley 1706-4; 6 p c Bom Steamer 340-0; 7 p c Bom Tram 65-0; 5 p c Cent India 730-0; 6-1/2 p c Jupiter 20-4; 6-1/2 Surat 198-0; 6-1/4 p c Prem Const 1st 138-8; 6-1/4 p c Prem 2nd 137-0; 6 p c Tata I and S 1st 220-0; 7-1/2 Tata 2nd 159-0; 7 p c Tata Hydro 168-2; 7-1/2 p c Tata Power 1775-0; 7 p c Vishnu 785-0.

DEBENTURES: 4 p c And Valley 107-12; 4 p c Tata Power 107-10; 4 p c Tata Chem 234-0; 6 p c Marsland Price 121-0.

RAILWAY: Ahmed Prant 815-0; Cent Prov 104-0; Dhond Baramati 118-0; Gujerat 98-0; Hoshiarpur Doab 108-0; Mandra Bhon 112-4; Mymensing Rebt 108-0; Mymensing Gtd 108-0; Sara Sirajganj 108-0; Sialkot Naro 121-0; Sialkot New 54-0.

MISC. Alembic Chem 390-0; Alcock Ashdown 612-8; Asso Cement 219-8; Bom Burma Oil 412-8; Bom New 148-12; B B Petrols 3-2; Belapur 238-0; Invest Trust 77-0; Bom Steamer 557-8; ;Prem Const 212-8; Port Canning 114-0; Scindia 35-0; Shivrajpur 67-0, Tata Chem 31-4; Tata Oil 80-0; Tata Ordy 413-0; Tata Defd 2093-12 Wimco 327-8; B I C 6-7; Burma Corp 3-13; Ind Copper 2-12-1/2; Ind Iron 36-14; Steel Corp 27-8; New Vic Ord 9-13; H Co Bank 62-8; U Co Bank 77-0; Bradbury Pref 610-0; Bradbury Ord 410; Elphin Pref 225-0; Dharamsey Chem 70-0; New City 462-8.

Govt Securities. 2-3/4 p c 1947-52 Loan 99-14, 3-1/2 p c G P Note 99-3, 8 p c 1946 Def 1st 102-4 3 p c 1949-52 2nd 100-13, 3 p c 1951-54 3rd 100-4, 3 p c 1953-55 Loan 100-4-8, 3 p c 1963-65 Loan 98-9, 3-1/2 p c 1947-50 Loan 103-14, 4 p c 1960-70 Loan 112-12, 4-1/2 p c 1955-60 Loan 115-14.

Corp Debentures. 4 p c B P T 1974 113-8, 4 p c M Deb 1974 113-8, 5 p c M Deb 1959 121- 0, 6 p c M Deb 1954 130-2 6 p c K P T 1956 134-8.

Tax Free Loans. 3 p c 1945 Loan 105-4

4 p c 1953-63 Loan 123-8

5 p c Mysore 1955 134-8

BULLION: Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £8-8-0. Dollar Sterling Cross Rate was 4.02-1/2 to 4.03-1/2 at London and 4.03 at New York. London Spot and Forward Silver quotations were unchanged at 23-1/2d and New York Spot Silver was quoted at 44-3/4 cents. The local market was steady to-day under renewed buying. Forward Silver opened at Rs 121-12 and advanced to Rs. 122-9 while Forward Gold opened at Rs 70-13 and improved to Rs. 70-14. It appears that the market does not believe in any sudden increase in the supply position and shorts are inclined to cover as they have to pay discounts for failure to tender and carry over sales to the next Settlement. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 125 and Spot Gold was placed at Rs 71.

The market ruled steady throughout the day and closed at Rs 126 for ready Silver, forward Silver Rs. 122/12, Ready Gold Rs. 71-0-6, Forward Gold Rs. 70/14 and Sovereigns Rs. 49.

COTTON: As expected shorts came in cover a portion of their protected sales around Rs. 440 level and prices are hardening. It is difficult to say whether we seen the lowest level but from the strength it appears that the upward move is likely to continue further. May delivery opened at Rs. 443-8 and advanced to Rs. 445 on increased support.

Prices advanced to Rs. 446 and reacted to Rs. 444 on scattered realisi. Quotations at 3 p.m. were as under:—

I C C March	Rs. 443-4
I C C May	Rs. 444
I C C July	Rs. 447-8

Later on professional Bears sold freely as the rally was too rapid and May delivery declined to Rs. 439. At this level there was renewed buying and prices improved to Rs. 443. The action of the market was good and the market finally closed at 6 pm as under:—

I C C March	443-4-0
I C C May	443-4-0
I C C July	444-12-0
I C C September	447-0-0

COTSON ARRIVALS: Berar 1707, Sindh-Punjab 9021, Broach 3288. Total 140/ Bales. Total arrivals 898,913 by Rail 4500. Last year 11,48,666 by Rail 36000 Bales.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, March 7.

T S Ord (410/8) 411 11/8 10 11 10/8 13/8 12 13/8 13

T S Dfd (2086/4) 2082/8 90 77 82 80 98/12 93/12 2100 2095 87 93 92 93/12

Dyeing (2051/4) 2050 61 56 57 60 71 67 76 70 77 70 66 75 73/12

Century (975) 980 75 10/10 1000 994 1000

Kohinoor ((689) 688 91 89 91 89 91 94 91 97 92 91 96 94

Swadesh (576) 576 79 77 83 81 85 82 86

Nagpur (416/8) 419 17 19 18 22 21 24 23 27 25 27 26/8

Simplex (252/8) 252 55 54 56 58 56 58 56 59/8 56 57/8 58

New Great (411) 415 20 15 17 22 19 13 21 24 21 23/8 23

Gokak (345) 349 52 49 50 58 56 57

Cement (219) 219 19/4 20/4 19/8 19/12 19/8

ART EXHIBITION IN AID OF GREEK RELIEF

(COMMUNCATED)

An exhibition of paintings and photographs of Greece by Mr M A Paltov, under the auspices of the Committee of the King of the Hellenes Greek Relief Appeal will be opened by Sir Homi Mody, on 14th instant at 6-30 p m at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall

The exhibition consists of 93 paintings and over 100 photographs and is divided in various sections. One section shows the historical development of Greece and an interesting map shows the link with India during the time of Alexander the Great. Another large map of present day Greece, specially made by the artist, enables the visitor to locate the place, historical monument or church depicted in a painting or photograph. Some of these churches and towns have been completely obliterated during this war.

Byzantine art, which is a speciality of the artist, forms a special section, with ikons, interiors of churches, etc. whilst another consists of miniatures and pencil sketches. Other sections display fine views of the land and its beauty.

The entire sale proceeds will be devoted to the Greek Relief Fund.

The exhibition will remain open on the 15th, 16th and 17th March, admission to it being free

HOLIDAY IN CITY MARKETS

All city markets will remain entirely closed to-day, being Id-e-Milad holiday.

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, March 7

Jarilla Extra Spr-fine 464, Sup 454, Fine 444,, F Good 349

Broach Extra Spr-fine 464, Sup 450, Fine 454, F Good 449

L S S Pun/Ame Extra Epr-fine 584, Sup 579, Fine 574, F Good 569

289F Pun/Ame Extra Spr-fine 634, Sup 629, Fine 624, F Good 619

S G 289 /xtra Spr-fine 679, Sup 674, Fine 669 F Good 664

N T Sind/Ameri Extra Spr-fine 580, Sup 575, Fine 570, F Good 565

Sawgin Sind/Ameri Extra Spr-fine 625, Sup 620, Fine 615, F Good 610

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, March 7.

Khandesh Jarilla Old 280/310, New 360/390

Berar Jarilla Old 320/330, New 400/420

289 F Jarilla Old 490/540, New 610/630

N T Jarilla Old 460/470, New 555/565

189 F Saw-ginned Old 520/565 New 680/690

OTTON PARITY: Indian Cotton May Contract is below New York May 328 cent points at Exchange Rate 331.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay March 6.

I C C March highest 443-1/2, lowest 437, closing 442-1/2 I C C May highest 444-1/2, lowest 438 closing 443-1/4, I C C July highest 448, lowes 442-1/2, closing 446-3/4.

PRODUCE: Market was steady groundnuts ready Bold Rs. 76, Koromandal Rs. 77 and Khandesh quality Rs. 80. March-April Bold Bombay Rs. 15 and Khandesh quality Rs. 15-14, Goa March-April Rs. 15-15 Castorseeds Bombay Rs. 16-2 and Madras-Goa Rs. 15-10 while new crop stood at Rs. 15-14 Linseed ready Rs. 12-4, Bold Wagon condition Rs. 11-8 and Old Rs. 11.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, March 6.

March 20.82+02, May 20.36+01 July 19.76+02, October 19.24—01, December 19.04—02, January 18.97—02 May highest 20.40+05 (11-53 a.m., lowest 20.29—06 (10-20 a.m.) Middling Spot 21.33+01.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, March 6.

March 20.90—07 May 20.48—01 July 19.91+03 October 19.26—01. December 10.07 January 18.97. Middling Spot 20.52.

NEW YORK COTTON NOON CALL

New York, March 6.

March 20.82, May 20.37, July 19.78.

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

The "Daily News Record" forecasts the acreage under cotton cultivation at 23,311,000 acres against last months forecast of 22,906,000 and last year's 21,995,000 acres.

SALES OF TREASURY BILLS

—Tenders for Rs. six Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday the 7th March 1944. Total amount offered was Rs. 8,55,50,000—(Rupees Eight crores fifty five lakhs fifty thousand only). Tenders at Rs. 99-12-9 and above were accepted in full. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 5,55,50,000 (Rupees five crores fifty-five lakhs fifty thousand only) the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 0-12-11 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Six crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday the 14th March 1944, in Bombay up to 11 a m (Standard Time) and up to the close of business on Monday the 13th March 1944 at other centres Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday the 17th March 1944. Other conditions are as usual.

Durmg the week ended 3rd March 1944, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 3,95,75,000—(Rupees Three crores ninety five lakhs seventy five thousand only) were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India

ALLIES CAPTURE MAINGKWAN

Air Attacks On South Burma Communications

NEW DELHI, March 7.

During the night of 5th|6th March, the enemy on the main front west of the Mayu Range carried out two raids in the rear of our forward positions. These raids were beaten off and many casualties inflicted on the enemy, says a 'communique' from Allied Headquarters, South East Asia Command.

Further to the south, our troops carried out a successful raid on the coastal plain south of Maungdaw on the night of 4th|5th March, when they killed a number of the enemy and brought back information.

In the Kaladan Valley, enemy opposition has further increased and our West African troops have made adjustments to their positions.

Walawbum south-east of Maingkwan was captured by the first all American ground force to face the enemy in the China-Burma theatre. Maingkwan, enemy supply strong point, was taken by the Chinese.

MAINGKWAN CAPTURED

Maingkwan, from which heavy artillery and mortar fire had been directed against the steadily encircling Chinsee during the past week, was officially reported taken on 5th March.

Chinese forces crossed the Idi River in the Maingkwan area and killed 74 Japanese in an engagement south of the stream.

Fighters, fighter bombers and dive-bombers of the Tactical Air Force on the night of 5th|6th March and on 6th March attacked objectives in the Arakan, Kaladan, Chin Hills, Chindwin and North-West Burma.

Long range fighters on the night of 5th|6th March and next day continued their offensive against communications in South Burma. Beaufighters, strafing airfields in the Rangoon area, claim two enemy aircraft destroyed, two probably destroyed and four damaged.

From all these operations two Allied aircraft are missing.—A. P

BR. FEDERATION DELEGATION IN CHUNGKING

CHUNGKING, March 6: A delegation from the Federation of British Industries has arrived here from London. It will discuss with Chinese industrialists questions of postwar industrial reconstruction in Britain and China.—Reuter.

ALIGARH MEN AS OFFICERS

Commander-In-Chief Speaks To Undergraduates

NEW DELHI, March 6.

Speaking to students of the Aligarh Muslim University, from which more than 1,000 ex-students are now serving as officers in the Royal Indian Navy, Indian Army, and the Indian Air Force, the Commander-in-Chief, India, General Sir Claude Auchinleck, emphasised the constant need for young leaders in the Indian Fighting Services.

"The fighting men of India, as I know from an experience of 40 years, living among them and fighting beside them, are among the best in the world," he said. "But without good leaders no fighting men, however good they may be in themselves, can hope to achieve victory in battle.

QUALITIES OF LEADERSHIP

"The power of leadership cannot be achieved without continuous hard work and steady application to the task. It demands also great self-sacrifice and great self-control.

"No one can hope to be a leader in war who places his own interests before those of the cause he serves. The good officer invariably places the interests of his men first and his own interests a long way last. In no other way can a leader of men in war hope to gain their confidence.

"We, in the fighting services, need young men who are anxious to serve as officers, V.C.O.'s or in the ranks. There can be no more honourable profession than to serve one's country and protect her from her enemies.

"I look to you to give us these men I am sure you can and I am sure you will"

MAILS TO SICILY AND SOUTH ITALY

NEW DELHI, March 7.—With immediate effect, un-registered letters and postcards of a personal nature may be sent to Sicily, Sardinia and the following provinces in Southern Italy, says a Press Note:—Bari Brindisi Catanzaro Cosenza Lecce Matera, Potenza, Reggio di Calabria Solerno, and Taranto. Commercial and financial correspondence cannot be sent.—(S.T.)

EX-PREMIER OF ASSAM

GAUHATI March 7.

Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi, ex-Premier of Assam, has returned here from Calcutta where he underwent medical treatment for tooth and eye trouble. —United Press.

The Bombay Government has banned the removal of vegetable oil cakes, other than copra cake by rail road or sea, from Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District to any place in India, except under a licence granted by the Director of Civil Supplies or the Controller of Prices Bombay.

REWARD Rs. 5000 END GREY HAIR

De LUX HAIR OIL No. 501 is a natural vitamin food for hair, possessing the qualities of curing baldness, short hair, brain weakness, headache and sleeplessness. It restores grey hairs to their natural black colour permanently from the roots. Price Rs. 3/- per phial. Three phials (Full Course) Postage Free. A cash reward of Rs. 5000/- would be offered to any public man who proves the ingenuineness of the testimonials. Order to day lest it is too late.

IMPERIAL CHAMBER OF SCIENCE P. B. 61, LAHORE.

FREE MEDICAL ADVICE

We have opened a Clinical Department under the direct supervision of qualified and experienced physicians and surgeons. All persons suffering from loss of vitality and vigour premature, old age, lack of stamina, married and personal hygiene problems, female irregularities and disorders DEFORMITIES OF THE BUST, (sagging, infantile, over-developed, etc) MENTAL AND NERVOUS DISORDERS (psychoanalytic and suggestive therapeutics under deep hypnosis) OBESITY (planned diet, reeducative exercises, electro vibratory massage and hormone-vitamin-mineral feeding), ALL CONSTITUTIONAL CHRONIC DISEASES WHICH HAVE DEFIED ALL TREATMENTS. etc., can now secure personal individualised treatment and expert guidance. Latest laboratory equipment, to facilitate 'exact diagnosis' available ELECTROTHERAPY, (diathermy ultra short-wave therapy, electro surgery, deep X-ray therapy actinotherapy ultra-violet and intra-red radiations, electric ionisation etc., etc.), with latest modern apparatuses is a SPECIALITY at our CLINIC. Consultations free. Strictest privacy and confidence guaranteed. Consult in person between 4 p.m. to 8 p.m. on any weekday. (Saturdays 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.) If you cannot visit us personally send the full history of your case in detail if possible ask your family physician to send us a detailed report) and a STAMPED SELF-ADDRESSED ENVELOPE for "diagnosis and suggested treatment" of your case.

Send Rs. 2 (postage 8 as. extra) by Money Order or Postal Order (or by V.P.P. for Rs. 2-10), for a copy of the latest revised and enlarged 3rd edition of "Health and Vitality by Modern Methods." Contains over 450 pages and 200 illustrations. Everything you want to know about hormones, vitamins, rejuvenation, beautifying the bust contour, female disorders, etc., etc. is described in minutest detail in this hand-book. Nothing like it ever published before. ASK FOR OUR FREE CIRCULAR DESCRIBING MOST OF OUR OUTSTANDING PRODUCTS AND OUR PRIVATE COURSE OF INSTRUCTIONS "HOW TO BE HAPPY THOUGH MARRIED".

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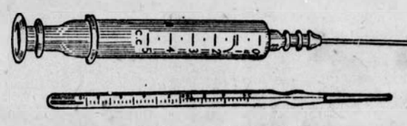

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Our BINA THERMOMETER, HYPODERMIC SYRINGE, various sorts of Scientific apparatus, glass for Ampoules, Sera, Vaccine, Glucose, etc. are all made of 'NUTROL'

Wholesale list of goods is sent on request.

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Bombay Distributor:—Mr. B. DAS GUPTA, 157|61, Princess Street, Bombay 2.

SHAMPON FRAGRANT LIQUID SHAMPOO

Refreshing for the bath
Forms lather quickly

BENGAL CHEMICAL
CALCUTTA : : BOMBAY

Agents:
ORIENT DRUG AGENCY,
Princess Street, Bombay 2.

THE
Indian Machine Tool
MFG. CO., LTD.
A FIRST CLASS DIVIDEND-PAYING ENTERPRISE

Paying handsome dividends for the last four years. Some Ordinary & Deferred Shares are available for transfer at par

For particulars please apply to:—
Head Office: A-3, CLIVE BUILDINGS, CALCUTTA.
Telegram: 'INTISH', Calcutta. Telephone: Calcutta 1817.

MUTT AND JEFF—Of Course, Jeff Could Have Made a Date with a Dromedary — By BUD FISHER

WAIT TILL JEFF SEES MY NEW "RUN-AROUND" NAG! WON'T HE BE JEALOUS!
AND YOU ONLY PAID TEN BUCKS FOR HER?
YEP! OF COURSE, SHE'S SECONDHAND BUT SHE GETS ME WHERE I WANNA GO!
I WISH I HAD A HORSE
HEY, MUTT! I BOUGHT A HORSE!
BUT I THINK 'EGYPT ME! SHE'S A LITTLE WARPED!

Powells' KURAIN new formula WILL NOT BURN OR SMART

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

MINIMUM RS. 1|8|-

To be paid in advance.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted an educated and social Gujrathi, or Maharashtrian lady, aged 30-35, fair complexion, widow or minor willing to marry a Upian Gour Brahmin aged 40, Fair and tall monthly income above Rs. 3,000|- plus landed property. Write Box No. 4303, 'Bombay Chronicle.'

Applications invited from either sex seeking suitable match. Photos exchanged. Interviews arranged. Apply:—Reliance Matrimonial Bureau, 89, Kambekar Street, Bombay (3). 4315

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted qualified and experienced Radio and Refrigerator Mechanics, who can work independently. Salary from Rs. 75|- to Rs. 120|- Apply Box No. 4308, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Probationary Nurse and an English Tutor, preferably College girl, to teach English to a family lady, an hour a day. Please apply state age, experience and terms. Box No. 4313, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Smart Lady Attendant for Doctor's reception room. Pay 40-45. Apply personally American Homoclinic, Yusuf. Bldg., Florafountain. (4312)

Wanted an Ice Mechanic to look after a running Ice Factory and Cold Storage Plant. Apply G.P.O. Box No. 137. (4299)

Wanted:—2 Engineers, 2 Doctors 3 Graduates, 2 Overseers. Apply for 'Terms" to General Employment Agency, Ramghat Benares (U. P.) (4304)

Wanted urgently one Petrol Pump Mechanic for work in Bombay and upcountry. Apply with certificates to Western India Oil Dist. Co., Ltd., Alice Building, Fort, Bombay. (4302)

Wanted:—Experienced Sheet Metal Workers and Tinsmiths. Applicants must be capable of working to drawings. Experience on sheet metal power presses will be considered an advantage. Applicants will be required to pass a trade test and if found suitable attractive wages will be offered. Apply to Works Manager, U.P. Government Central Workshop, Nawabganj, Cawnpore. 8053

Wanted a Librarian for a big Library in Bihar. Only persons having experience in big Libraries need apply stating qualification and the salary required to Box No. 8028, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted efficient person to teach colloquial Russian three time week. Apply immediately Box No. 4258, "Bombay Chronicle."

43. SITUATIONS WANTED

Lady, well educated, refined manners, hard working wants post as Companion, Secretary or Tutor, 2 whole days and 4 mornings (not suburbs). Apply Box No. 4306, "Bombay Chronicle."

FLATS WANTED

Wanted two room Flat for vegetarian Dekkani family immediately in good locality; city or suburbs. Apply Box 4271, "Bombay Chronicle."

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

Free copy in English, what is Islam Life Prophet Muhammad. Apply Box No. 4300, "Bombay Chronicle."

MOTOR FOR SALE

SS Jaguar 1939 Saloon 2 1|2 Litre Tiptop condition Rs. 9500. Apply Box No. 4307, "Bombay Chronicle."

PROPERTY FOR SALE

For Sale in Poona Valuable property 200 yards from Cantonment Market but within City Municipal limit consisting of: (1.) 3 Bungalows, 2 cottages and a chawl on land measuring 1 1|3 (one and one third) acre. (2.) Open land, measuring 3 acres with layout plans for a colony of 16 bungalows, good site for Cinema. Apply Jungalwalla, Babajan Road, Charbaudi, Poona. (4293)

303. MACHINERY WANTED

(1) Wanted—One Filter Press complete with cocks size 2'x2'x24 plates of 1" thickness new or old, (2.) One Vertical High Speed Steam Engine double cylinder, 40 B.H.P. or above, with two cranks at right angle, self centering suitable for a steam pressure of 140 lbs. per sq. in. against a back pressure of 10 lbs. per sq. in. (3) One suitable Reduction Gear for direct coupling to above engine with a reduction ratio of 1 to 72 (4.) Two electric driven pumping sets each having a capacity of 160,000 galls. per hour to work against total head of 30 ft. The motors should be A.C. 400 volts, 3 phase, 50 cy., and directly coupled to the pump. Apply to the Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co., Ltd., (Sugar Dept.) Post Box No. 39, Bara Hindu Rao, Delhi. (8032)

BUSINESS WANTED

Wanted Laundry or any Shop, running and with goodwill immediately. Also Sole Selling Agencies for Bombay and Suburbs; any line. Apply Box No. 4270, "Bombay Chronicle."

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Spectecle Frames metal celluloid repaired:—Ram Agency (India) Dadar, Dial 61438. (4314)

632. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Some first class shares of different concerns of long standing are for sale. For full particulars apply —M. Chatterji; P321, Kavir Road, Calcutta. (7906)

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the rate of Rs. 12-0-0 per inch

TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of green 'MAKA' grass required for the animals impounded in the Byculla and Girgaum Cattle Pounds for one year ending the 28th February, 1945. Rate should be quoted for every 65 lbs. of grass. Tenders should be properly sealed and superscribed as "tender for the supply of green grass" and forwarded to the undersigned before 4-0 p.m. on the 13th March 1944. Further information, if required will be had from Head Police Office (Accounts Branch) Bombay No. 1.

R. N. NAYAMPALLI,
Dy. Commissioner of Police.
Dns. II.

Head Police Office,
Bombay, 4th March, 1944.
(8056)

G. I. P. RAILWAY
SPECIAL NOTICE
SHARAN BASAPPA FAIR
AT GULBARGA

THE GOVERNMENT of Bombay and the Hon'ble the Resident at Hyderabad (Deccan) have prohibited the carriage during the period 10th March to 18th March 1944 (both days inclusive) of any person to or from any of the stations shown below unless the Railway Administration is satisfied that the person is proceeding to that destination or returning therefrom, otherwise than in connection with the Sharan Basappa Fair at Gulbarga.

G.I.P. RAILWAY

Akalkot	Gulbarga
Boroti	Martur
Budhni	Shahabad
Kulali	Wadi
Ghangapur	Nalwar
Savalgi	Vadgiri

N. S. RAILWAY

Malkhed	Chittapur

(8055)

CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES, BOMBAY.

INVITES TENDERS No. BSY| MED|B|5972 on form obtainable for Rs. 3|- per set (not refundable or transferable) paid in cash or by M. O. (quoting Tender Number, full name and address of remitter) before 4 P.M. on 15|3|44 for:—

(1) Bag Cotton glazed with tapes 4½" x 6½" (P. V. 23008).
(2) Bag, Cotton glazed with tapes 9' x 6½" (P. V. 23010).
(3) Bag, Cotton paper lined 20 lbs. size (P. V. 23014).
(4) Bag, Cotton paper lined 10 lbs. size (P. V. 23015).
(5) Bag, Cotton paper lined 5 lbs. size (P. V. 23016).
(6) Bag, Cotton paper lined 2 lbs. size (P. V. 23017).

Drawings No. MED|IGS|193 and 194 for the above stores can be seen in this office on any working day, during office hours.

Public opening at 11 A.M. on 16|3|44. Offers to remain open till 6-4-44. Applicants not on approved Supply Department list must give Banker's reference on applications for Tender Forms.

8048

BOMBAY POTTERIES & TILES LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRA ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of Bombay Potteries & Tiles Ltd., will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at United India Building, Sir Pherozshaw Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay on THURSDAY, the 30th March, 1944, at 2-45 P.M. (S.T.) to adopt and pass the Special Resolutions the particulars of which have already been circulated among the shareholders.

A copy of the proposed new regulations may be inspected by the shareholders at the Registered Office of the Company.

Bombay, 27th January 1944.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
C. J. MOTICHAND & CO.,
Managing Agents.

BOMBAY POTTERIES & TILES LIMITED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, United India Building, 2nd floor, Sir Pherozshaw Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay on THURSDAY, the 30th March, 1944, at 3-0 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 30th September 1943.
(2) To declare a Dividend on Preference Shares for the years 1939-40, 1940-41, 1941-42 and 1942-43 (less Income Tax).
(3) To declare a Dividend on Ordinary Shares for the year 1942-43 (free of Income Tax.)
(4) To elect two Directors in place of Sir Chunilal B. Mehta and Mr. Premchand C. Bhayani who retire by rotation under Article 103 but are eligible and offer themselves for re-election.
(5) To appoint Auditors for the year 1943-44 and to fix their remuneration.
(6) To transact any other business, that may be brought before the meeting with the permission of the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 20th March, 1944 to 30th March, 1944 (both days inclusive).

By order of the Board of Directors
C. J. MOTICHAND & CO.,
Managing Agents.
Bombay, 27th January, 1944.
(8049)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of The Central Bank of India, Limited, will be held at the Central Bank Buildings, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 29th of March, 1944, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:

1. To receive the Report of the Directors and the Audited Accounts for the period ending 31st December, 1943.
2. To declare a Dividend and a Bonus.
3. To elect three Directors in place of Mr. Haridas Madhavdas, Mr. Dinshaw D. Romer and Mr. Dharamsey M. Khatau who retire by rotation under Article 94 of the Articles of Association read with Regulation 78 of Table "A" of the Indian Companies Act and who are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Board,
H. C. CAPTAIN,
Managing Director.

Bombay, 4th March, 1944.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from Saturday, 11th March 1944 to WEDNESDAY, 29th March, 1944, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board.
H. C. CAPTAIN,
Managing Director.

N.B.—Dividend Warrants for the half-year ending 31st December, 1943, will be posted to the Shareholders at their Registered addresses on and after the 30th day of March, 1944. Intimation of any change in address should be given to the Bank immediately.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
PROPOSED INCREASE OF CAPITAL
NOTICE OF EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETINGS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Central Bank of India, Ltd., will be held at the Registered Office of the Bank at Central Bank Building, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Bombay, at 4 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, the 29th day of March, 1944, or as soon thereafter as the Ordinary General Meeting convened for 3 p.m. on that day shall be concluded when the following main resolutions and other subsidiary resolutions in regard to the increase of capital by the issue of new shares and in regard to the terms and conditions of such issue, which resolutions are particularly set forth in the notice dated 1st March, 1944, to the shareholders of the Bank will be considered as ordinary resolutions:

1. That the authorised capital of the Company be increased from Rs. 3,50,00,000 divided into 7,00,000 shares of Rs. 50 each to Rs. 5,25,00,000 divided into 10,50,000 shares of Rs. 50 each on which Rs. 25 per share is or will be paid up, so that the paid up capital of the Company will amount to Rs. 2,62,50,000.
2. That out of the new shares numbering 3,77,472, shares numbering 3,36,264 shall in the first instance be offered to members of the Company in the proportion of one new share to every two existing shares on the terms that a sum of Rs. 25 as capital plus a sum of Rs. 25 as premium shall be paid to the Company in cash on application therefor.
3. That the Directors shall be authorised to issue the remaining 41,208 shares at their face value of Rs. 50 per share of which Rs. 25 per share will be payable as capital, at such time or times as they shall think expedient in the interests of the Company, and to dispose of and allot such shares to such persons whether members of the Company or not as the Directors may think fit but at a premium of which the minimum shall be Rs. 25 and the maximum shall not be more than Rs. 100 per share, and on terms that the said capital amount of Rs. 25 per share and the said premium shall be payable on application therefor.

NOTE:—The consent of the Central Government has been obtained to this issue under Defence of India Rule 94A. It must be distinctly understood that in giving this consent the Government of India do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any scheme or for the correctness of any of the statements made or opinions expressed with regard to them

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that another Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Central Bank of India, Ltd. will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Central Bank Building, Mahatma Gandhi Road, at 4-30 p. m. on WEDNESDAY, the 29th day of March, 1944, or as soon thereafter as the abovementioned Extraordinary General Meeting convened for 4 p. m. on that day for the purpose of considering and passing the resolutions for the increase of capital shall be concluded, when the resolution to the following effect mentioned in the notice to the shareholders dated 1st March 1944 will be proposed as a Special Resolution (in order to bring the new shares on the same basis as the existing shares):

"That the sum of Rs. 25 per share remaining uncalled in respect of each of the new shares numbering 3,77,472 to be issued by the Company pursuant to the resolutions passed by the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company shall not be capable of being called up except in the event and for the purpose of the Company being wound up."

Dated this 4th day of March, 1944.

By Order of the Board,
H. C. CAPTAIN,
Managing Director.
(8046)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SIR RAHIMTULLA M. CHINOY, AHMED HABIB and YOUSAFALLI CASSAMBHAI CHINWALLA, Trustees of the Khoja Rahimbhai Aloo Paroo and his widow Hirbai's Charitable and Religious Trusts, all of Bombay Khoja Mahomedan Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 5, Military Square Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be competed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuage tenements or dwelling house standing thereon, situate at Samuel Street, without the Fort and in the Island of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, admeasuring 163, 3|9 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows.—that is to say, on the East by the sweeper's passage, on the West by the said Samuel Street, on the north partly by the sweeper's passage and partly by the house of Mancorebai and on the South by the House No. 69 of the said Rahimbhai Alloobhai and which said land or ground is assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 764, New No. 6494, Old Survey No. 469, New Survey No. 2766, Cadastral Survey No. 854, Mandvi Division and which said messuage is assessed by the Collector of Municipal Taxes under No. 68 B Ward No. 1591, Old Street Nos. 85-87. New Street Nos. 215-217, Samuel Street.

Dated this 7th day of March, 1943.

MANSUKHLAL HIRALAL & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(8050)

LEGAL NOTICES

CORRECTION

Re: Suit No. 164 of 1944
Sir J. B. BEHRAM & Ors.
vs.
Miss BANOO B. HIRJI KHOORSHID

In the Notice dated 7th February, 1944 in the above matter which appeared in our issue of 28th February, 1944 under the signature of Messrs. Dabholkar & Jeshtaram the name of the 3rd plaintiff was, through oversight, published as Vaikunth Bangaji Bhende instead of Vaikunth Rangaji Bhende which is the correct name and the words "C. I. B." were wrongly printed instead of "order R. I. Rule 8." All persons concerned with the above Notice are requested to read the said Notice as corrected herein.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

AS SOME MISUNDERSTANDING has arisen as a result of Notice published at page 4 of the Bombay Samachar, dated 19th November, 1942 under the signature of Haji Valimahomed Haji Karim of Haji Karim Noormahomed, it is necessary for my clients Haji Sattar Haji Ismail and Aziz Haji Ismail, who are carrying on business in the name of Haji Ismail Ahmed to give following explanation to remove the said misunderstanding.

1. My clients have separated or retired from the firm of Haji Karim Noormahomed as from 20th October, 1942.
2. It s inter alia agreed at the time of the Dissolution that the Partners other than my clients will continue to trade in the name of Haji Karim Noormahomed only during the lifetime of Haji Valimahomed, son of Haji Karim. The trade name of Haji Karim Noormahomed will not be used thereafter.
3. The benefits and area of the Agency of the Madura Harvey Mills acquired by the dissolved firm have been partitioned as under:—

My clients have been allotted the Burhanpur Area and other partners have been allotted the Nagpur Area with liberty to my clients to carry on their business relating to the said Agency in their firm's name of Haji Ismail Ahmed.

MUSA T. MEMAN, B.A. LL.B.
Advocate for, Haji Sattar Haji Ismail and Aziz Haji Ismail.
(8054)

AUCTION SALES

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO INVEST TERMS.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY IMMOVABLE PROPERTY, SITUATE AT BHAT BAZAR KNOWN AS "NALINI MANSION."

Messrs. GANDHI & CO. will, under instructions from the Owner, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned very valuable immovable property on Monday, 20-3-44 at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) on the premises.

All that piece of Government quit and ground rent tenure with dwelling house, situate at Doongry Street but now at Narsi Natha Street, admeasuring 435 Sq. Yds registered under Collector's Old Nos. 821, 814, and 815, New Nos. 6551, 6557, Old Survey Nos. 131-132 and 133 and New Survey No. 2720 and Cadastral Survey No. 959 of Mandvi Division, and Municipal Ward B No. 1313, Street Nos. 274-278.

For further Particulars and Conditions of Sale please apply to Messrs. Payne & Co., Attorneys for the Vendor, at their Office at 54, Esplanade Road or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF 142 CASES TEA, KOCHIN.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO. will by order of M|s. Narandas Mathuradas Narialwala and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchasers Hirachand Shivjee Mepani and Ramdas Vasanji sell by Public Auction on Monday 13-3-44 at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at their Rooms at 72, Medows St.:—

79 Cases Tea, Kochin, each of 25 Lbs.
26 Cases Tea, Kochin, each of 52 Lbs.
16 Cases Tea, Kochin, each of 45 Lbs.
21 Cases Tea, Kochin, each of 23 Lbs.

Terms:—25% Deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

HOW WOMEN CAN WIN MEN AND MEN WIN

Respect of Other Men

Unless two pints of bile juice flow daily from your liver into your bowels, your food decays in your bowels. This poisons your whole body. You get yellow tongue, yellow skin, pimples, dull eyes, bad breath, bad taste, gas, dizziness, headache. You have become an ugly-looking, foul-smelling, sour-thinking person. Everybody wants to run from you.

Laxatives can't help, for they only move out the tail end of your bowels and that doesn't take away the decayed poison.

Only a free flow of your bile juice will stop this decay poison in your bowels. The one mild vegetable medicine which starts a free flow of your bile juice is Carter's Little Liver Pills. No calomel in Carter's. Only fine, mild, vegetable extracts. If you would bring back your personal charm, start taking Carter's Little Liver Pills according to directions today.

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LAND AT COWASJI PATEL STREET.

Under instructions from Messrs. Jehangir Gulabbhai and Billimoria, Solicitors, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by public auction on MONDAY, the 20th March, 1944 at 4-30 P. M. (N. S. T.) the undermentioned property at the premises.

All that piece of Pension and Tax land admeasuring about 603 sq. yds. with a well in the front and situate at Cowasji Patel St. bearing Cadastral Survey No. 396, Fort division, Municipal "A" Ward No. 14436, St. Nos. 15-21 and bounded on the East by sweeper's passage, on the West by Cowasji Patel St., on the North by Cadastral Survey No. 395 and on the South by a sweeper's passage.

Important Note: This road will be 60 feet wide and the public tank on the land will be demolished and the well will come in front. The opposite Banaji Lane will be 40 feet wide also.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the above named Solicitors or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

FREE

Youngmen send four annas stamps to first get the miraculously effective medicines for your disorders free for trial to get convinced of their action and avoid deception For full details send -/4/- stamps for the Guide Book (110 pages) Correspondence kept confidential

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Famous Specialist Goldmedalist
Chamberlain Road Lahore.

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New Changes.

For Protecting your interests therein or For Improvement or Relief in your TAX CASES. PLEASE CONSULT ADVERTISER

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J. D. KHANDHADIA

I. T. Practitioner & Mercantile Law Adviser,
C/o Chunilal Karsondas & Co.,
1st Floor. Empire Building, Bori Bunder,
Bombay. Phone: 23354.

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Maximum output and Economy in your Foundry
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BALAWALI E. I. Rly.
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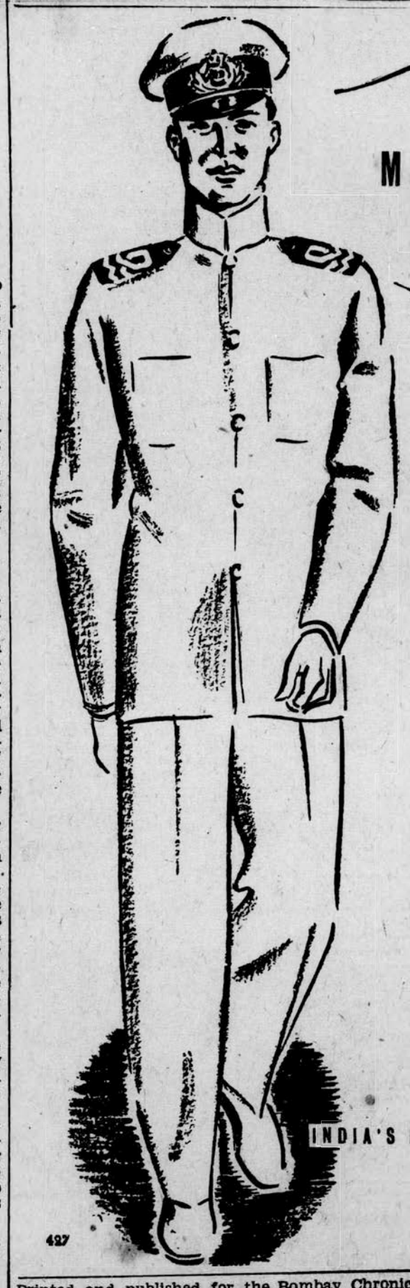
Local Representative
H. S. VIRANEY,
Sheriff Mansion Dongri BOMBAY 9.



Much Coveted...

The much-coveted uniform of an officer of the Royal Indian Navy is a symbol of the highest traditions of valour and devotion to duty.

If you possess courage and powers of leadership, good education and health, you will fit well into this uniform. Share the honour and glory that goes to the R. I. N. for protecting Indian soil from enemy aggression and for keeping its life-lines of trade and commerce free from interference.

APPLY NOW. *There are a limited number of vacancies for officers.*

Get your application forms from the Secretary, Provincial Selection Board; District Magistrate; Commissioner of Police or Recruiting Officer.

INDIA'S FIRST LINE OF DEFENCE

R.I.N.
INDIA'S NAVY

427

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